

COVID-19: Highlights and Situation Overview

Global Update

- **Worldwide**, there have been over 555 million cases and over 6 million deaths attributed to COVID-19.
- **Australia** has surpassed the grim milestone of 10,000 Covid-19 deaths, as authorities urge people to remain vigilant against the disease. The country's toll from the virus stood at 9,984 on Saturday, and tipped past the 10,000-mark with Sunday's numbers. New South Wales reported an additional two Covid deaths on Sunday, South Australia recorded six, while Victoria reported another 22. Ahead of a health ministers' meeting, the federal health minister, Mark Butler, said authorities were expecting a further wave of the virus in the coming months. He pointed to the BA.4 and BA.5 subvariants taking hold across the country. Queensland reported no new Covid deaths on Sunday after the state's chief health officer, John Gerrard, said on Saturday there was increasing pressure to bring back mask mandates. The state's minister for health and ambulance services, Yvette D'Ath, said on Sunday there was no change in mask rules. On Australia surpassing 10,000 deaths, D'Ath said people needed to remind themselves of the virus's continuing global impact, with people still dying every day.

Regional Update

- **Cambodia**: Over 140,000 doses of the Pfizer-manufactured COVID-19 vaccines donated by Poland arrived in Cambodia on the morning of July 3, with the government planning to administer the jabs to children aged 5-12. Ministry of Health secretary of state York Sambath said at a ceremonial handover at Phnom Penh International Airport that this is the second vaccine donation to Cambodia from Poland, demonstrating the bonds of friendship between their governments and peoples. Sambath said Cambodia is thankful to Poland and its fellow EU members as well as all of the other countries around the world who have provided donations of vaccines to the Kingdom. According to the health ministry, over 94% of the population had been vaccinated as of June 2. More than nine million people have received their third doses, nearly three million their fourth and over 310,000 their fifth. Hun Sen also stated that he might reinstate the mask-wearing in public mandate again if large-scale transmission of COVID-19 begins.
- **Philippines**: Active COVID-19 cases nationwide have surpassed 9,000, data from the Department of Health (DOH) showed. Based on DOH's latest figures, the country registered an additional 1,302 COVID-19 cases on Saturday, raising the number of active infections to 9,105. The country logged more than 1,000 new cases for three consecutive days since June 30. The overall case count stands at 3,706,951. Meanwhile, total COVID-19 recoveries and the death toll are at 3,637,268 and 60,578, respectively. According to independent analytics group OCTA Research fellow Guido David, most of the fresh COVID-19 infections, or 625 cases, were recorded in Metro Manila. Of the 625 new cases in the capital region, more than 100 were listed in Quezon City. Pateros is the only local government unit in the capital region that did not record a new case.
- **South Korea**'s new coronavirus cases stayed above 10,000 for the second consecutive day on Sunday as the daily cases seemed to be rising again after months of subsiding. The country added 10,059 COVID-19 infections, including 191 cases from overseas, bringing the total caseload to 18,389,611, the Korea Disease Control and Prevention Agency (KDCA) was quoted as saying by Yonhap news agency. The country reported eight COVID-19 deaths, raising the death toll to 24,570. The fatality rate stood at 0.13 per cent. The number of critically ill patients stood at 53, the KDCA said. South Korea's Covid-19 outbreaks have shown a downward trend after daily new cases peaked at an all-time high of over 620,000 in mid-March. But the KDCA has said the pace of decline has

recently slowed down amid waning vaccine immunity and increasing social interactions following eased social distancing rules, and that a possible spike in infections lies ahead. Sunday's figure is up by more than 3,800 from a week ago and nearly 4,000 from two weeks ago. Imported cases have remained above 100 since June 24 due to a rise in international flights. Of the 9,868 locally transmitted cases, Seoul accounted for 2,437 cases, with the surrounding Gyeonggi Province reporting 2,637 cases. There were 516 infections in Incheon, 40 km west of Seoul. The greater Seoul area accounted for 56 per cent of the total caseload.

- **China:** Parts of eastern China are running new rounds of mass COVID-19 testing, as the country faces new waves of infections while recovering from the impact of the outbreak that hit Beijing and Shanghai. In the eastern province of Anhui, which reported most of China's local cases in the latest flare-up, its provincial capital Hefei said late on July 3 (Sunday) that it is doing citywide testing every three days. Anhui's Si town, where its 760,000 residents were told to stay home except for going out to do COVID-19 tests, mandated citywide testing on July 4 (Monday), its seventh round of mass testing. Lingbi town, also in Anhui, locked down its nearly 1 million residents and said it had canceled an event for local businesses to meet government officials. In the southeastern province of Fujian, the Jiaocheng district and the town of Xiapu in the city of Ningde ran mass testing on July 3 (Sunday). Ningde on the other hand reported 10 domestically transmitted COVID-19 infections on July 3 (Sunday). China's National Health Commission said on July 4 (Monday) that the country reported a total of 380 new local infections for July 3, of which 41 were symptomatic and 339 were asymptomatic. The infections were detected in the provinces of Anhui, Jiangsu, Liaoning, Fujian, Shandong, Shaanxi, Zhejiang, Guangdong and Sichuan, as well as in the city of Shanghai. There were no new deaths, keeping the nation's reported fatalities at 5,226.
- **Macao** kicked off a new round of city-wide COVID-19 testing on Monday (Jul 4) for its more than 600,000 residents, as officials raced to contain a spiraling number of cases in the worst outbreak to hit the world's biggest gambling hub since the pandemic began. Coronavirus testing for all residents will take place three times this week across the city, with people also required to take rapid antigen tests in-between. The move comes as the former Portuguese colony reported 90 new cases on Sunday, taking the total number of infections to 784 since the middle of June. More than 11,000 people are in quarantine. While Macao, a Chinese special administrative region, has not introduced a full-scale lockdown seen in mainland Chinese cities like Shanghai, the city is already largely closed. All non-essential government services are shut, schools, parks, sports and entertainment facilities are closed and restaurants can only provide takeaway. Casinos are allowed to remain open but most staff have been asked to stay home, in line with instructions to the city's residents. The government said it would not shut casinos to protect jobs. The stringent measures come after Macao has been largely COVID-free since an outbreak in October 2021. Macao adheres to China's "zero-COVID" policy which aims to eradicate all outbreaks, at just about any cost, running counter to a global trend of trying to co-exist with the virus. Macao's cases are still far below daily infections in other places, including neighboring Hong Kong where cases have jumped to more than 2,000 a day this month. However, it only has one public hospital, whose services are already stretched on a daily basis. The territory has an open border with mainland China, with many residents living and working in the adjoining city of Zhuhai.

Vaccine Update

- **Cambodia:** Foreign minister Prak Sokhonn trip served to provide humanitarian assistance to the people of Myanmar, including the two million COVID-19 vaccine doses that were donated by China through ASEAN and handed over to the crisis-hit country on June 30.
- **Vietnam's** Prime Minister has ordered faster administration of the third and fourth doses of COVID-19 vaccine as part of measures against the unpredictable pandemic

situation, especially when the sub-variant BA.5 has appeared in Vietnam and raised the risk of a new wave of COVID-19 infections. According to the Government Office on July 3 (Sunday), to enhance pandemic control and create favorable conditions for socio-economic recovery and development, the Government leader assigned Deputy PM Vu Duc Dam to continue directing the Ministry of Health, other ministries and sectors, and 63 provincial-level localities to drastically carry out anti-pandemic measures, especially accelerating COVID-19 vaccination.

Travel Update

- **China:** According to a notice issued by the Chinese embassy in Washington on July 1 (Friday), China will loosen entry restrictions on US citizens, allowing entrance in case of transit via a third country. According to an updated policy statement, US citizens with valid negative COVID-19 test results looking to enter China may now apply for and receive a green health code for travel from either the United States or a third country. In the past, the embassy would only grant the codes to US citizens flying directly from the United States. The changes follow a similar slight relaxation of COVID-19 testing rules for people arriving in China from countries including the United States.
- **Japan:** The government on July 1 (Friday) eased its travel warning over the COVID-19 pandemic for 34 countries, including China, South Korea, and India, and is no longer requesting that residents in Japan refrain from nonessential trips to those nations. The Foreign Ministry also lowered its travel advisory for France, Germany and Italy, as well as other 11 European nations, by one notch to the lowest Level 1 on its four-point scale, advising Japanese nationals traveling to those regions to "stay fully alert." The total number of areas under the Level 1 category has increased to 70. In late May, Japan moved 36 countries and regions to the lowest level, including the United States, Britain, Canada and Hong Kong. The relaxation of the warning for South Korea came two days after flights between Seoul's Gimpo airport and Tokyo's Haneda airport resumed its operations. Meanwhile, 90 nations and regions remain under the Level 2 warning, including 16 in Asia and Oceania, such as Taiwan, Indonesia and Australia, along with 27 European nations. As for the Level 3 advisory, which urges residents to avoid all travel, all 41 countries remain unchanged.

Travel Advisories (new update/s)

ASEAN+3 Country	Published	Travelers allowed	COVID-19 vaccination requirement	Required COVID-19 testing for fully vaccinated	Required COVID-19 testing for NOT fully vaccinated	Quarantine upon arrival	Health insurance requirement	Arrival health declaration/ registration/ documents
Brunei	June 21, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	No	Yes – Subjected to a rapid antigen test upon arrival and an RT-PCR test on the day 3 at their own expense.	Self-quarantine at a private residence or hotel for NOT fully vaccinated until a negative result of RT-PCR is released. No quarantine requirement for fully vaccinated	Minimum coverage: BN\$20,000	Completed E-health Arrival Declaration Form on BruHealth app . For not fully vaccinated: Proof of medical exemption for COVID-19 vaccines.
Cambodia	June 2, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	No	No	7-day quarantine for NOT fully vaccinated. US\$2,000 deposit is required if you quarantine at a government designated hotel.	No	No
Indonesia	June 16, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	Maybe subjected to RT-PCR test upon arrival	Maybe subjected to RT-PCR test upon arrival	5-day quarantine for NOT fully vaccinated. No quarantine requirement for fully vaccinated	No	Traveler is required to download and register at PeduliLindungi app before departure.
Laos	May 9, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	No	Yes – Negative rapid antigen test within 48 hours before departure for 12 years old and above.	No	No	No
Malaysia	May 5, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure.	5-day quarantine for NOT fully vaccinated travelers and will be issued a digital Home Surveillance Order (HSO) on their MySejahtera app.	No	Traveler is required to download and register at MySejahtera app within a week before departure.

					No quarantine requirement for fully vaccinated			
Myanmar	June 15, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	Yes – printed negative RT-PCR result for 6 years old and above taken within 48 hours before arrival.	-	No	Coverage: US\$10,000	No
Philippines	June 20, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 18 years old and above.	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure or negative rapid antigen test within 24 hours before departure.	No	No	Traveler is required to download and register at One Health Pass app before departure for those without visa.
Singapore	July 1, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 13 years old and above and vaccination status on the HealthHub app or TraceTogether app or acceptance letter issued by the Safe Travel Office (STO) or SGAC acknowledgment email.	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure for 13 years old and above.	No	No	Traveler is required to download and register at SG Arrival Card app before departure.
Thailand	July 1, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate or certificate with at least one dose of COVID-19 vaccine for 18	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR/rapid antigen test within 72 hours before departure for 18 years old above.	No	No	No

		years old and above.		Does not apply to travelers below 8 years old accompanied by fully vaccinated parents or guardian; passengers younger than 18 years with COVID-19 vaccination certificate with at least one dose.				
Vietnam	May 16, 2022	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	
China	June 30, 2022	No	-	-	-	-	-	
Hong Kong	June 16, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 12 years old and above.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure for 3 years old and above.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure for 3 years old and above.	Travelers are subject to medical screening upon arrival and quarantine for up to 14 days.	No	No
Macao	June 15, 2022	Yes	Yes – fully vaccinated* certificate for 12 years old and above.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure.	Travelers are subject to medical screening upon arrival and quarantine for up to 17 days.	No	No
Japan	June 9, 2022	Limited	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 72 hours before departure for 6 years old and above. Travelers could be subject to	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 72 hours before departure for 6 years old and above. Travelers could be subject to	Travelers could be subject to quarantine for 3 days.	No	Traveler is required to download and register at MySOS app before departure.

			COVID-19 test upon arrival.	COVID-19 test upon arrival.				
South Korea	July 1, 2022	Yes	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure or negative rapid antigen test within 24 hours before departure for 6 years old and above and certified in English or Korean translation.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure or negative rapid antigen test within 24 hours before departure for 6 years old and above and certified in English or Korean translation.	No	No	Passengers with an A-1 visa, an A-2 visa, or a Self-Isolation Exemption Certificate must install the 'self-check mobile app' found at http://ncov.mohw.go.kr/selfcheck before departure or upon arrival.
Taiwan	June 27, 2022	Yes	No	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure. Travelers are subject to RT-PCR test upon arrival.	Yes – Negative RT-PCR test within 48 hours before departure. Travelers are subject to RT-PCR test upon arrival.	Travelers are subject to quarantine for 3 days. Travelers must have confirmed booking of quarantine facility or hotel.	No	Traveler is required to download and register at Quarantine System for Entry Form before departure.

Reference: IATA Travel Centre

*Fully vaccinated – at least 14 days from 2nd dose for two-dose vaccine or 14 days from a single dose vaccine upon arrival.

Cases and Deaths as of 01 July 2022

- As of 04 July 2022 (2PM, GMT+8), worldwide, there were **555,574,481** confirmed cases, including **6,370,700** deaths. Globally, Case Fatality Rate (CFR) was **1.2**.
- 65,367,707 confirmed cases** of COVID-19 have been reported in the **ASEAN +3** countries including **32,237,525 cases** in the ASEAN region and **33,130,182 cases** in the PLUS THREE countries, with CFR of **0.7**.

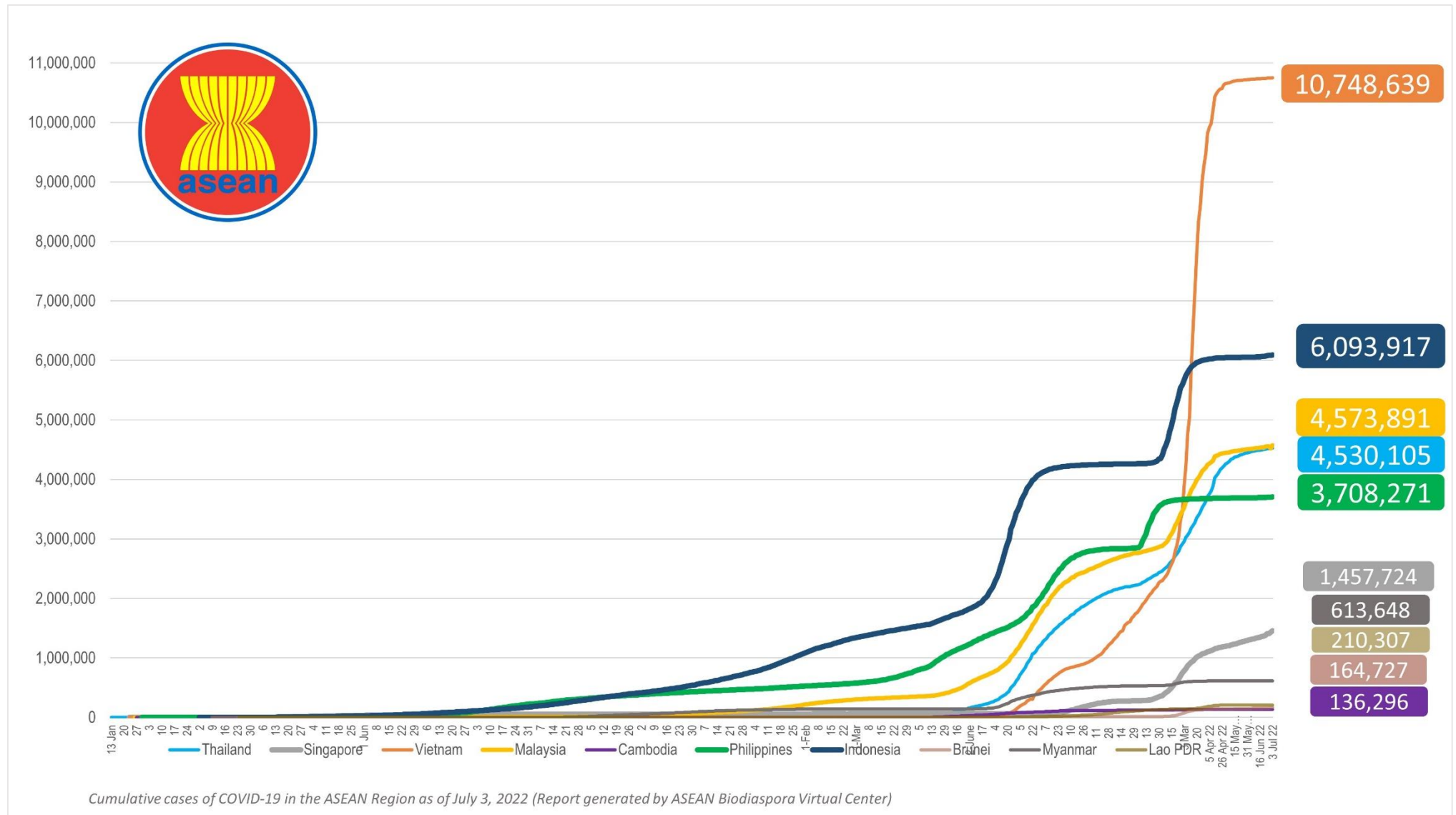
REGION	COUNTRY	FIRST CONFIRMED CASE(S)	LATEST REPORT ON CONFIRMED CASE(S)	TOTAL CONFIRMED CASES	NEW CASES	TOTAL DEATHS	NEW DEATHS	CASE FATALITY RATE	CUMULATIVE CASES/ 100,000	NUMBER OF TESTS LAST 14 DAYS/ 100,000	CUMULATIVE VACCINATED	CUMULATIVE FULLY VACCINATED	CUMULATIVE BOOSTERED	FULLY VACCINATED / 100
ASEAN REGION	Brunei	10 Mar 20	03-Jul-22	164,727	827	225	-	0.1%	38,018	-	444,293	426,764	301,719	96.7
	Cambodia	27 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	136,296	6	3,056	-	2.2%	827	-	15,068,135	14,361,140	9,372,290	84.7
	Indonesia	02 Mar 20	03-Jul-22	6,093,917	1,614	156,749	4	2.6%	2,252	-	201,000,560	168,251,795	48,269,992	60.9
	Lao PDR	24 Mar 20	03-Jul-22	210,307	1	757	-	0.4%	2,933	-	5,817,695	5,076,787		68.8
	Malaysia	25 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	4,573,891	2,536	35,776	5	0.8%	14,316	-	28,004,742	27,286,934	16,145,763	83.3
	Myanmar	23 Mar 20	03-Jul-22	613,648	6	19,434	-	3.2%	1,135	66	33,004,742	27,027,467	2,227,351	49.3
	Philippines	30 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	3,708,271	1,320	60,592	14	1.6%	3,430	-	75,286,371	70,532,636	14,686,903	63.5
	Singapore	23 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	1,457,724	7,952	1,416	1	0.1%	25,558		5,019,556	4,997,156	4,208,410	91.6
	Thailand	13 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	4,530,105	2,328	30,703	19	0.7%	6,506	-	56,716,681	52,911,770	29,431,429	75.6
	Vietnam	23 Jan 20	03-Jul-22	10,748,639	512	43,087	-	0.4%	11,143	5	86,438,964	81,213,942	64,212,970	82.7
ASEAN COUNTRIES				32,237,525	17,102	351,795	43	1.1%			506,838,364	452,086,391	188,856,827	
ASEAN PLUS THREE	South Korea	20-Jan-20	03-Jul-22	18,389,611	10,059	24,570	8	0.1%	35,564	-	45,068,239	44,628,221	37,796,118	87.0
	Japan	16-Jan-20	03-Jul-22	9,391,633	23,299	31,045	5	0.3%	7,438	286	103,733,788	102,348,805	78,906,566	81.2
	China	31-Dec-19	03-Jul-22	5,348,938	34,638	21,587	91	0.4%	33,662	928	1,322,582,347	1,287,005,825	812,187,470	85.8
	PLUS THREE COUNTRIES				33,130,182	67,996	77,202	104	0.2%			1,471,384,374	1,433,982,851	928,890,154
ASEAN +3				65,367,707	85,098	428,997	147	0.7%			1,978,222,738	1,886,069,242	1,117,746,981	

- 490,206,774 confirmed cases** of COVID-19 have been reported in **5 continents** (other than ASEAN +3 countries):

CONTINENT	TOTAL CONFIRMED CASES	NEW CASES	TOTAL DEATHS	NEW DEATHS	CASE FATALITY RATE	CUMULATIVE CASES/ 100,000	NUMBER OF TESTS LAST 14 DAYS/ 100,000	CUMULATIVE VACCINATED	CUMULATIVE FULLY VACCINATED	CUMULATIVE BOOSTERED
AFRICA	12,574,662	2,266	256,952	5	1.0	237,534	1,552	327,919,928	256,961,239	29,269,472
AMERICAS	166,486,695	15,862	2,799,184	36	0.7	1,075,323	18,290	806,369,018	713,307,285	427,408,828
ASIA PACIFIC	79,820,566	27,603	737,296	48	0.2	389,733	3,534	1,420,964,153	1,287,228,664	169,675,776
EUROPE	210,019,205	101,033	1,914,274	149	0.6	1,832,064	18,161	559,283,691	531,281,700	327,525,067
MIDDLE EAST	21,305,646	20,057	233,997	29	0.3	197,733	17,530	142,340,841	127,683,859	55,445,085
TOTAL	490,206,774	166,821	5,941,703	267	1.2%			3,256,877,631	2,916,462,747	1,009,324,228

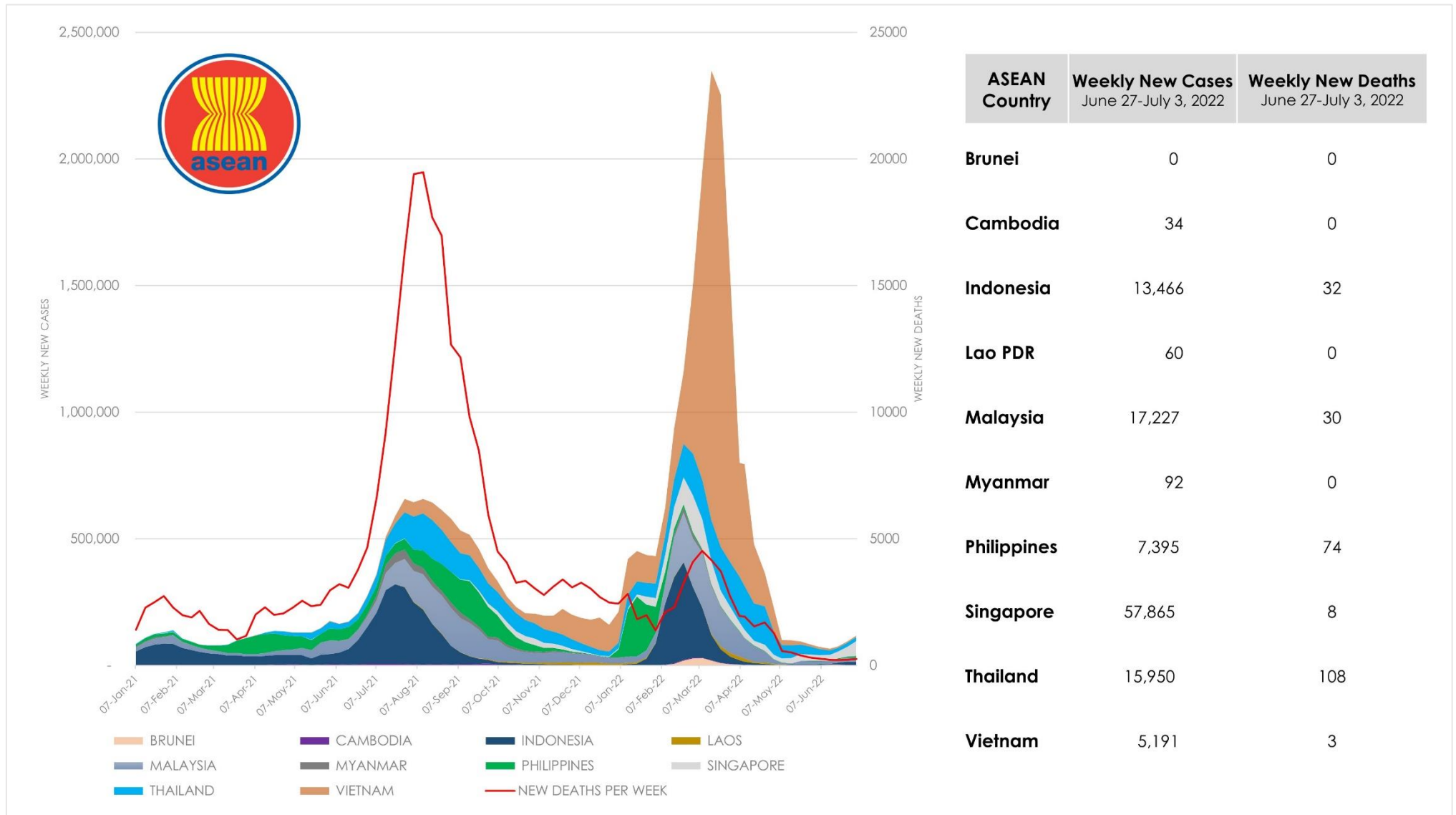
COVID-19 Epi curve among ASEAN Countries:

From January 1, 2021 to July 3, 2022



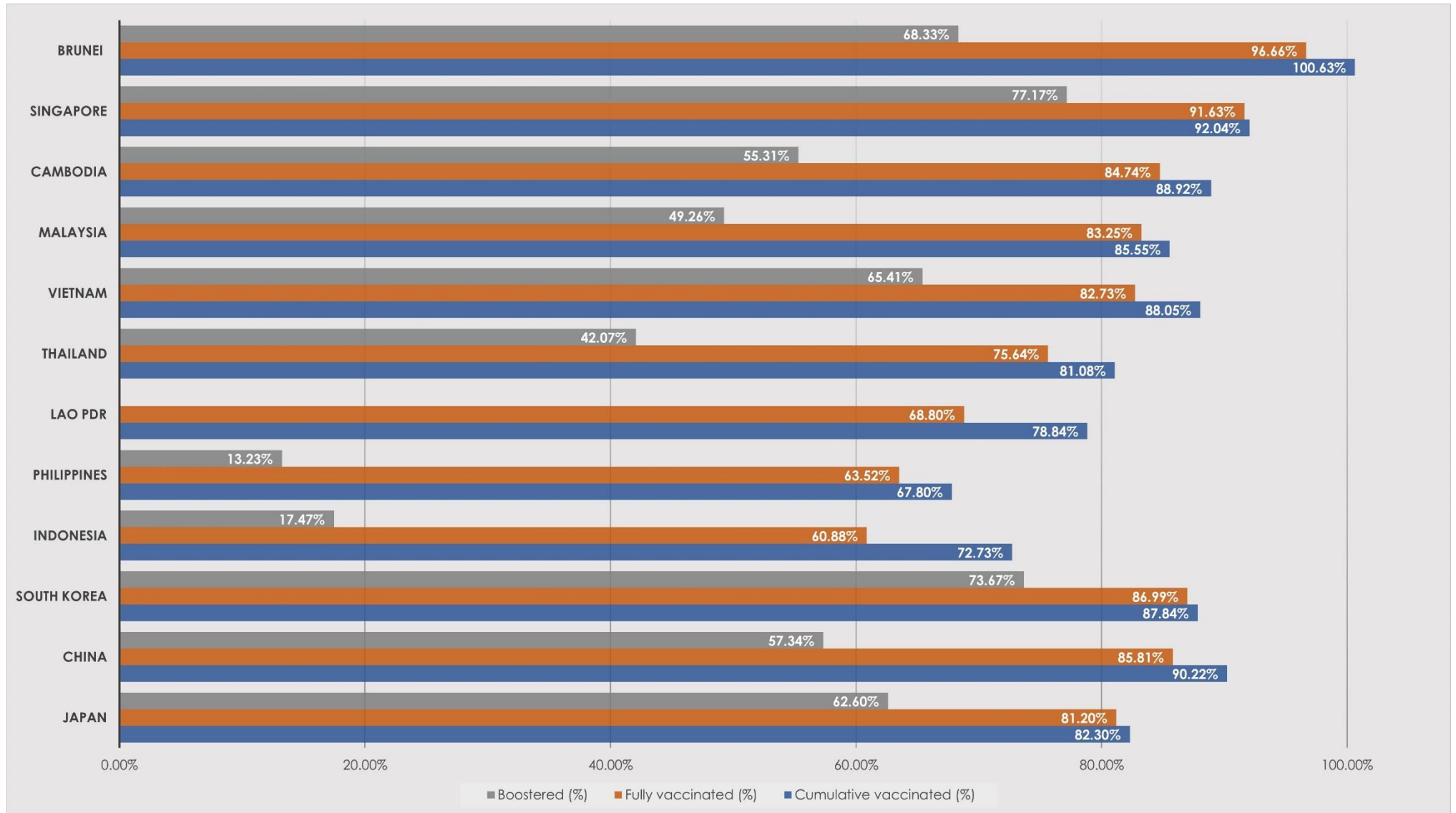
COVID-19 Weekly New Cases and Weekly New Deaths

From January 1, 2021 to July 3, 2022




COVID-19 Vaccination Status

as of 03 July 2022



COVID-19 Outlook Assessment

as of 03 July 2022

 ASEAN MEMBER STATE	REQUIREMENT						
	At least 80% of the high-risk population has been vaccinated with at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine.	At least 65% of the total population has a level of immunity to COVID-19; either recovered from COVID-19 or have been vaccinated with at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine.		Case levels are generally low (a 7-day rolling average number of daily new cases that is <10 cases per 100,000, with each day's past-14-day test positivity is consistently <5%).		Government Policy on containment and health (strictness and comprehensiveness in COVID-19 related government policies)	
	Population vaccinated/ day (7-day average)	% of Total population fully vaccinated / boosted	Population vaccinated/ day (7-day average)	Daily cases/ 100,000	Test positivity last 14 days	Containment and health index score - Oxford COVID-19 Government Response Tracker (OxCGRT)	Change over the past 30 days
Brunei	0%/day	≥90.0/68.3	Unknown	177.25	Unknown	38.1/100	-3.6
Cambodia	0%/day	≥90.0/55.3	Unknown	0.02	0	23.8/100	+1.2
Indonesia	0%/day	64.4/17.5	Unknown	0.71	Unknown	57.7/100	-1.8
Lao PDR	0%/day	75.1/ND	Unknown	0.13	Unknown	58.0/100	0.0
Malaysia	0%/day	83.7/49.3	0.01%/day	7.46	5.1	53.6/100	+3.6
Myanmar	0%/day	51.1/4.1	Unknown	0.02	0.1	61.9/100	0.0
Philippines	0%/day	68.3/13.2	Unknown	0.91	Unknown	55.4/100	-1.2
Singapore	0%/day	88.6/77.2	0.01%/day	140.46	Unknown	58.9/100	0.0
Thailand	0%/day	76.8/42.1	0.01%/day	3.28	Unknown	44.0/100	0.0
Vietnam	0.15%/day	87.6/65.4	0.15%/day	0.77	100	43.5/100	0.0
Japan	0%/day	80.9/62.6	0%/day	15.60	9.1	42.9/100	-3.6
South Korea	0%/day	86.4/73.7	0%/day	16.51	8.3	38.1/100	-4.2
China	Unknown	≥90.0/54.7	Unknown	0.03	Unknown	84.5/100	0.0

