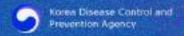




Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)

Infectious & Emerging Diseases in the ASEAN Region

With Support by:











This report aims to provide the current situation on infectious and emerging diseases in the ASEAN Region. We collate various information from multiple official sources and publicly available sources and is published every week on Wednesday. For feedback and/or suggestions, please write to support@aseanbiosurveillance.org

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MPOX

Mpox Cases Reported in the ASEAN Region

January 1, 2023 – August 16, 2025



Source:

- Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia
- Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed August 19, 2025, https://www.moh.gov.sg/resources-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics/2023/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin

Key Findings

- From 1 January 2023 to 16 august 2025, 67,727 confirmed cases worldwide since 2023, including 353 deaths. Globally, the CFR was 0.50 %.
- 1,429 confirmed cases including 27 deaths in the ASEAN region, with a CFR of 1.89%.
- 66,120 confirmed cases of mpox have been reported in other regions (other than the ASEAN

Mpox cases in the ASEAN region (Jan. 1, 2023 to Aug. 16, 2025)

ASEAN Member States	Cumulative Cases 2023-2025	New Cases Since Previous Report	Cumulative Deaths 2023-2025	CFR
Cambodia ¹	20	0	0	0.00%
Indonesia ²	87	0	0	0.00%
Lao PDR ³	1	0	0	0.00%
Malaysia ³	15	0	0	0.00%
Philippines ³	152	0	5	3.29%
Singapore⁴	61	1	0	0.00%
Thailand³	884	0	13	1.47%
Vietnam³	209	0	9	4.31%
ASEAN Total	1,429	1	27	1.89%
Cource				

Source:

- Ministry of Health Cambodia
- Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id)
- 3.
- WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)
 Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.moh.gov.sg/resources-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics/2023/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin)



Top 5 countries with the most mpox cases globally (Jan. 1, 2023 to Aug. 16, 2025)

Country	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Previous Report	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Democratic Republic of Congo	24,700	0	71	0.29%
Uganda	7,514	0	46	0.61%
United States of America	5,014	0	10	0.20%
Sierra Leone	4,481	0	44	0.90%
Burundi	4,196	0	2	0.06%

Source: WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)

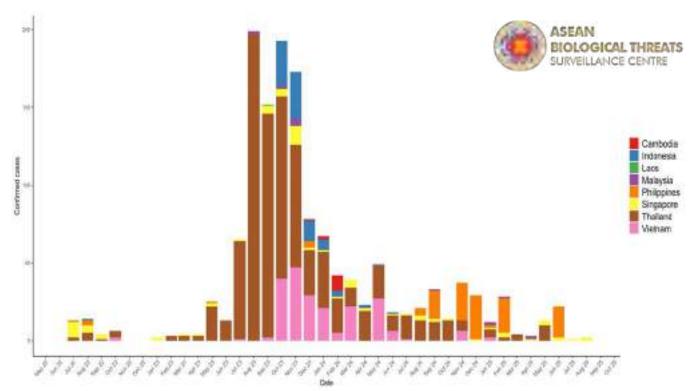
Mpox cases per region (Jan. 1, 2023 to Aug. 16, 2025)

REGIONS	CUMULATIVE CASES 2023-2025	NEW CASES SINCE THE PREVIOUS REPORT	CUMULATIVE DEATHS	CFR	
AFRICA	43,905	0	191	0.44%	
AMERICAS	11,492	0	99	0.86%	
ASEAN	1,429	1	27	1.89%	
ASIA & OCEANIA	6,196	0	31	0.50%	
EUROPE	4,705	0	5	0.11%	
TOTAL	67,727	0	353	0.52%	

Source: WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)

Trend of Mpox Confirmed Cases in the ASEAN Region

January 1, 2022 to August 16, 2025

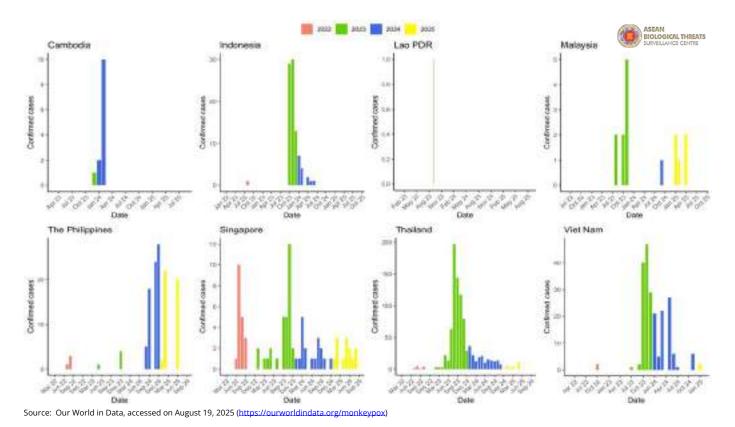


Source: Our World in Data, accessed on August 19, 2025 (https://ourworldindata.org/monkeypox)

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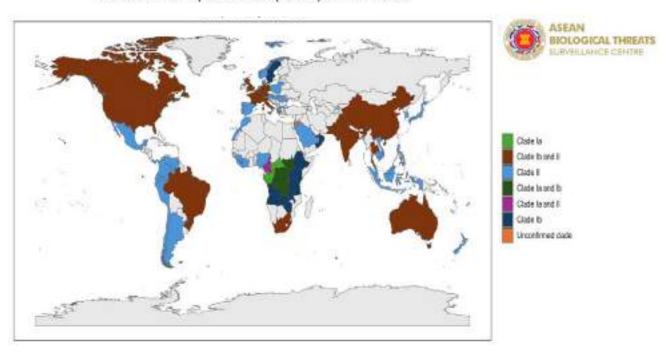
Trend of Mpox Confirmed Cases among ASEAN Member States January 1, 2022 to August 16, 2025



Distribution of Mpox Variants in The Global

As of August 16, 2025

Distribution of Mpox Variant (Clade) in The Global

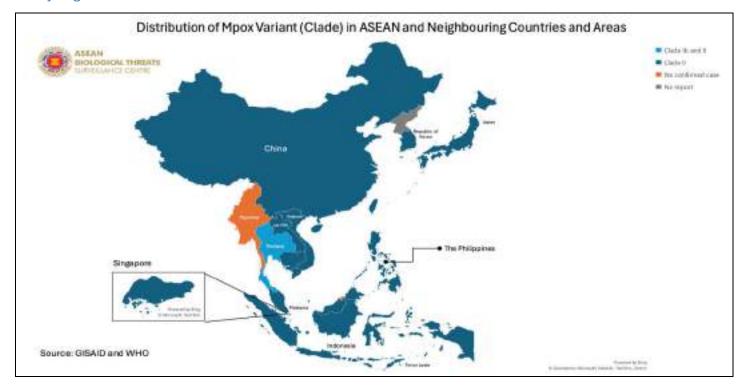


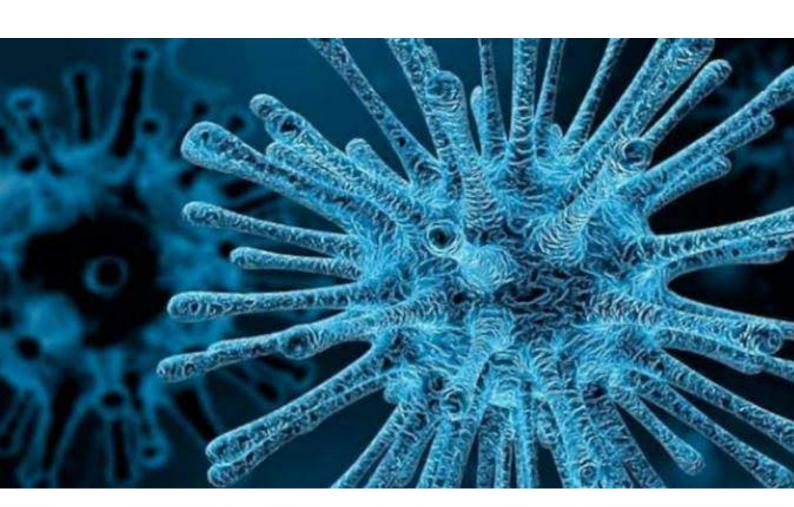
Source: GISAID and WHO

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Distribution of Mpox Variants in the ASEAN and Neighbouring Countries and Areas *As of August 16, 2025*





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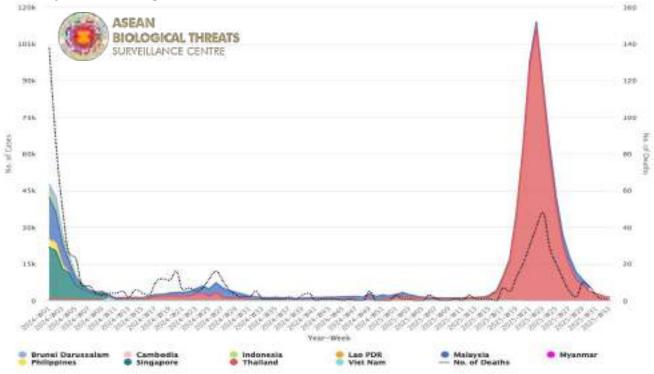
COVID-19

Key Findings

- As of 16 August 2025 (5PM, GMT+7), there were 778,368,577 confirmed cases worldwide, including 7,098,758 deaths. Globally, the Case Fatality Rate (CFR) was 0.91%.
- 37,730,166 total confirmed cases of COVID-19 have been reported in the ASEAN Region.
- The CFR in the **ASEAN** Region was **0.98%**.
- In August 2025, **NB.1.8.1** variant show a dominance number in Thailand and Vietnam. Meanwhile, Cambodia, Singapore and Malaysia show dominance in **Omicron B.1.1.529+BA.*** variant.

ASEAN Weekly COVID-19 Cases and Deaths

From January 1, 2024 to August 16, 2025



Sources: Singapore Government, MOH Indonesia, MOH Cambodia, DDC Thailand, MOH Myanmar, MOH Malaysia, and WHO accessed on August 19, 2025

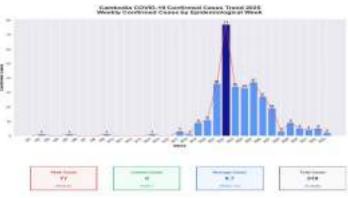
• A major peak in case numbers occurred in mid-2025 until week 22 as the highest peak of the cases reported. Meanwhile, after week 23, the cases continued to decrease significantly until the week of 33.

ASEAN Weekly COVID-19 Cases among ASEAN Member States

From January 1 to August 16, 2025

Cambodia:

- COVID-19 cases in Cambodia remained very low from Week 1 to Week 16 of 2025, with most weeks reporting zero or one case.
- A noticeable increase in weekly cases began in Week 19, rising sharply to 77 cases by Week 22.
- No deaths were reported throughout the 33week period, suggesting mild disease or effective healthcare response.



Source: MOH Cambodia, accessed on August 19, 2025



Indonesia:

- Indonesia demonstrated effective pandemic control with cases declining from a peak of 27 in week 1 to nearzero levels by weeks 12-16, indicating successful implementation of public health measures early in 2025.
- The overall trend shows a well-managed outbreak with an average of only 9.2 cases per week, and zero deaths reported throughout the 27-week period, suggesting robust healthcare system response and disease surveillance.
- There was a brief increase in cases during weeks 17-19 (reaching 15 cases) that are likely happening during 22-32.

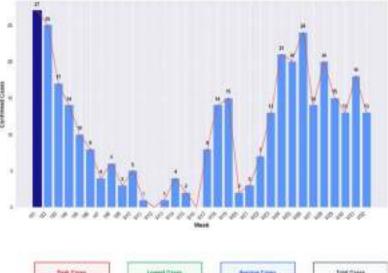
Malaysia:

- U-shaped trend: Cases started high (1,222-1,232), dropped significantly to a minimum of 210 cases in week 14, then surged dramatically to peak at 2,151 cases by week 22.
- Accelerating growth phase: The resurgence from week 15 onwards shows exponential growth, with cases more than quadrupling in just 8 weeks (500 to 2,151).
- Very low mortality: Despite more than 35 thousand total cases across 30 weeks, two deaths were recorded, suggesting either effective treatment protocols or a less severe variant.

Myanmar:

- The total number of COVID-19 cases reported in Myanmar for the week's analyzed in 2025 was 161.
- On average, Myanmar reported five COVID-19 cases per week during this period.
- The peak number cases were reported in week 24 with more than 50 cases. Meanwhile, the lowest reported cases occurred in the earliest week this year from week 1 to week 17. During these weeks, Myanmar reported no cases on COVID-19.

Indonesis COVID-19 Confirmed Cases Trend 2025 Weekly Confirmed Cases by Epidemiological Week

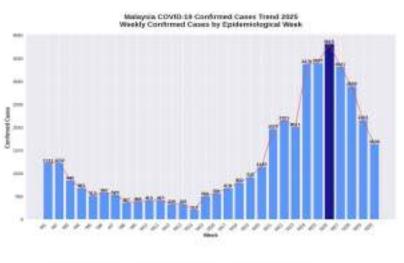








Source: MOH Indonesia, accessed on August 19, 2025



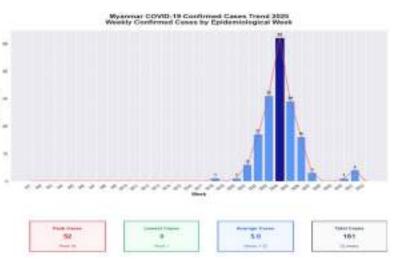








Source: MOH Malaysia, accessed on August 19, 2025



Source: MOH Myanmar, accessed on August 19, 2025

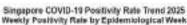


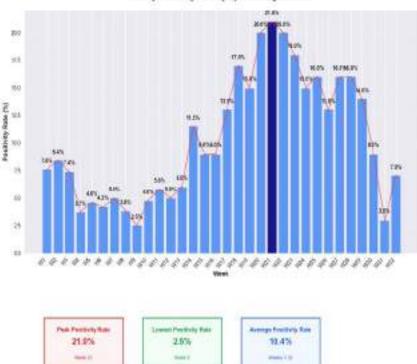
Singapore:

- Based on the last press release by Minister of Health of Singapore on May 13, 2025. The estimated number of COVID-19 cases in the week of 27 April to 3 May 2025 rose to 14,200 cases, compared to 11,100 cases in the previous week.
- At present, LF.7 and NB.1.8 (both descendants of the JN.1 variant) are the main COVID-19 variants circulating in Singapore, together accounting for more than twothirds of locally sequenced cases.
- From the ILI/SARI Singapore sentinel data, the Covid-19 positivity rate trend has increased significantly to reach 21% in the week 21 of 2025.
- Compared to week 22, trend significantly plunged in week 32 with 7% positivity rate.

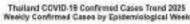
Thailand:

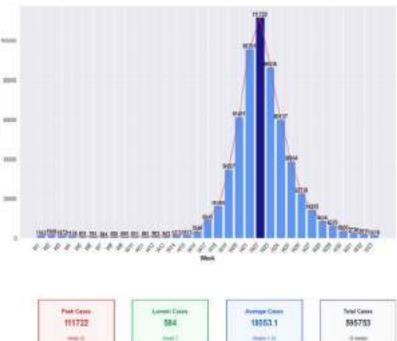
- Early Phase (W1–W15): Sporadic and low case counts with intermittent deaths.
- Acceleration Phase (W16-W21): Rapid, exponential rise in cases indicates a shift to widespread community transmission, potentially due to mass gatherings.
- Week 22 now represents the absolute peak of Thailand's COVID-19, with the highest case count more than 100,000 cases.
- After the week 23, the cases significantly decrease until week 33 by more than 100,000 cases.





Source: Singapore Government, accessed on August 19, 2025

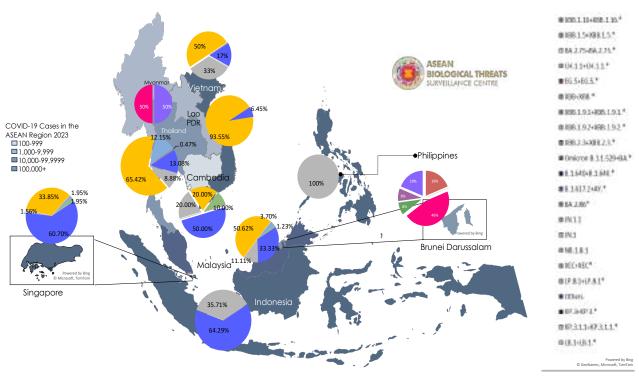




Source: DDC Thailand, accessed on August 19, 2025



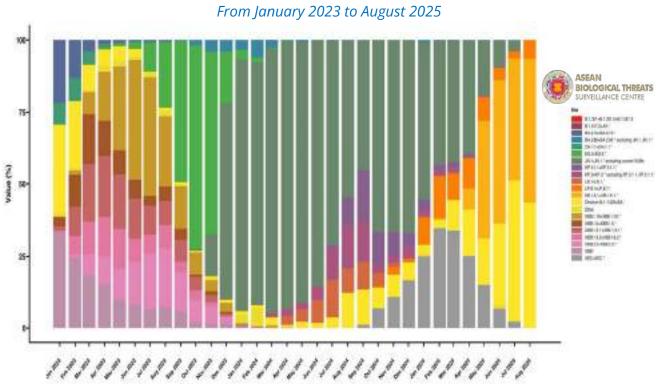
COVID-19 Variants Frequencies Among the ASEAN Member States As of August 2025



Source: GISAID. "hCoV-19 Variants Dashboard," accessed August 19, 2025, https://gisaid.org/hcov-19-variants-dashboard/.

In August 2025, the latest submission on GISAID by Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia and Singapore show dominance in **Omicron B.1.1.529+BA.*** variant for most of the countries except Lao PDR and Malaysia where **NB.1.8.1** was the dominant variant in the country.

COVID-19 Variants Frequencies in the ASEAN Region



Source: GISAID. "hCoV-19 Variants Dashboard," accessed August 19, 2025, https://gisaid.org/hcov-19-variants-dashboard/.



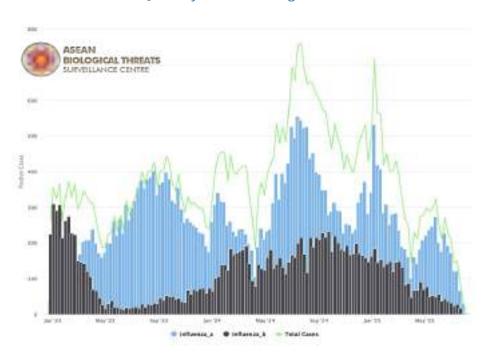
INFLUENZA

Key Findings

- Recently, most influenza cases among ASEAN Member States experience a downward trend.
- While influenza-like illness (ILI) and severe acute respiratory infection (SARI) increase slightly among some ASEAN Member States.

Trends of Influenza Confirmed Cases in the ASEAN region

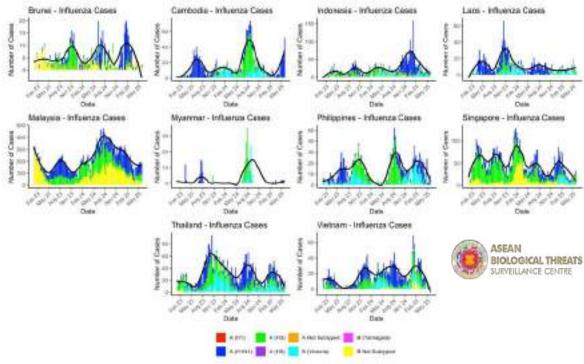
From January 1, 2023 to August 16, 2025



Source: WHO FluNet, accessed on August 19, 2025 (https://www.who.int/tools/flunet)

Trend of Influenza Cases among ASEAN Member States

January 1, 2023 to August 16, 2025

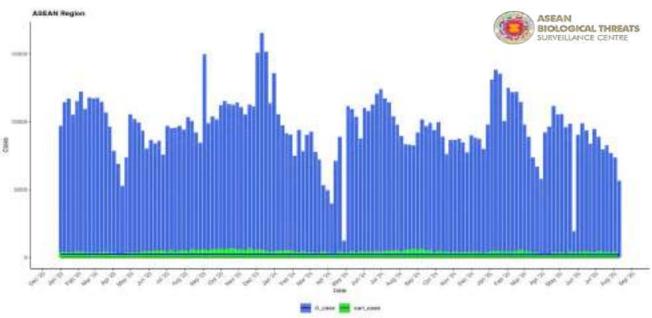


Source: WHO FluNet, accessed on August 19, 2025 (https://www.who.int/tools/flunet)



Trend of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) in the ASEAN Region

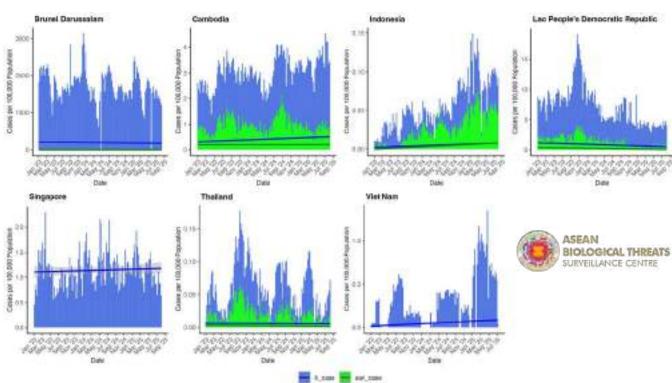
January 1, 2023 to August 16, 2025



Source: WHO FluID, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/surveillance-and-monitoring/influenza-surveillance-outputs)

Trend of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) among ASEAN Member States

January 1, 2023 to August 16, 2025



Source: WHO FluID, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/surveillance-and-monitoring/influenza-surveillance-outputs)





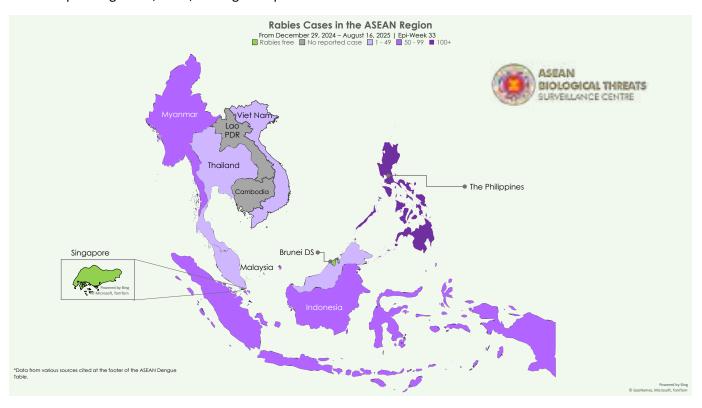
RABIES

Rabies Cases in the ASEAN Region

From December 29, 2024 to August 16, 2025 (Epi-Week 33, 2025)

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **88** new rabies cases in Epiweek 33, 2025.
- Up to August 16, 2025, the region reported 426 total cases with 100% CFR.



Rabies cases in the ASEAN region

Country	Epi-Week Reported	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Previous Report	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Brunei Darussalam		Ra	abies-free country		
Cambodia	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesia¹	Week 31	94	-	94	100%
Lao PDR	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia ²	Week 23	1	-	1	100%
Myanmar³	Week 32	71	1	71	100%
Philippines ²	Week 31	211	87	211	100%
Singapore	Rabies-free country				
Thailand ²	Week 29	7	-	7	100%
Viet Nam²	Week 29	42	-	42	100%
Total		426	88	426	100%

Source:

- 1. Ministry of Health, Republic of Indonesia
- 2. Bluedot Platform, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://portal.bluedot.global/)
- 3. Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar





DENGUE

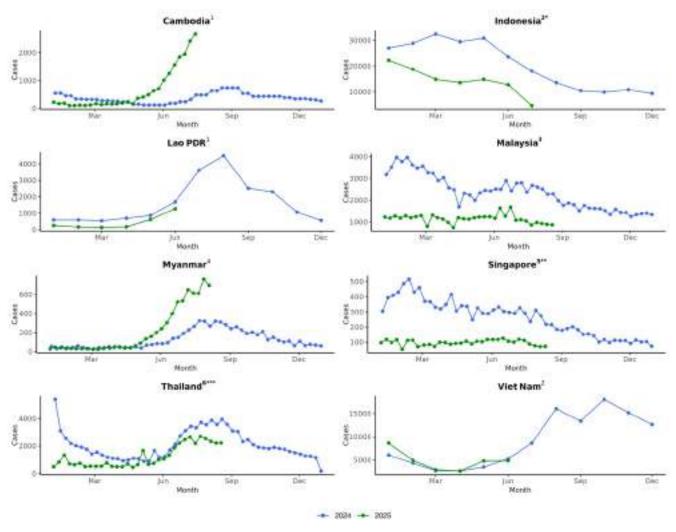
Dengue Cases in the ASEAN Region

From December 29, 2024 to August 16, 2025 (Epi-Week 32, 2025)

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **10,564** new dengue cases in Epiweek 33, 2025.
- Up to August 16, 2025, the region reported 241,380 total cases and 566 total deaths with 0.23% CFR.
- Most dengue trends in 2025 among AMS showing lower number of cases compared to previous year at the same period. Viet Nam showing higher trend of cases compared to previous year. While Cambodia and Myanmar showing significant increase of dengue cases compared to previous year at the same period.

Trend of Dengue cases in the ASEAN region, 2024 - 2025



Source:

- 1. WHO WPRO, "Dengue," World Health Organization, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.who.int/westernpacific/emergencies/surveillance/dengue).
- 2. WHO Global Dengue Surveillance, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/dengue_global/)
- 3. Portal Rasmi iDengue untuk Komuniti, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://idengue.mysa.gov.my/)
- 4. Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
- 5. Ministry of Health. "Weekly Infectious Disease Bulletin", accessed August 19, 2025. (https://www.moh.gov.sg/resources-statistics/infectious-diseases-statistics/2025/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin)
- Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed August 19, 2025, (https://dvis3.ddc.moph.go.th/t/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/DDS2/sheet33?%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y)
- Data were updated and collected from official sources, which may have a 2-8 weeks delay in reporting. Data must be interpreted cautiously.
- *Notified dengue cases only includes severe cases Dengue Hemorrhagic fever (DHF) and Dengue Shock Syndrome (DSS)
- **Notified dengue cases only includes Dengue Fever (DF) and DHF
- ***Notified dengue cases include all type of cases DF, DHF, and DSS



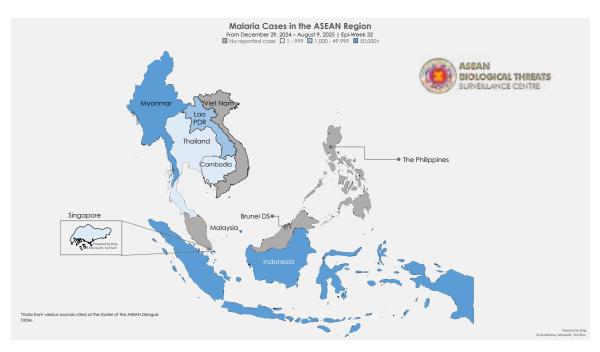
MALARIA

Malaria Cases in the ASEAN Region

From December 29, 2024 to August 16, 2025 (Epi-Week 33, 2025)

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **7,739** new malaria cases in Epiweek 33, 2025.
- Up to August 16, 2025, the region reported **484,101** total cases and **76** deaths with **0.02%** CFR.

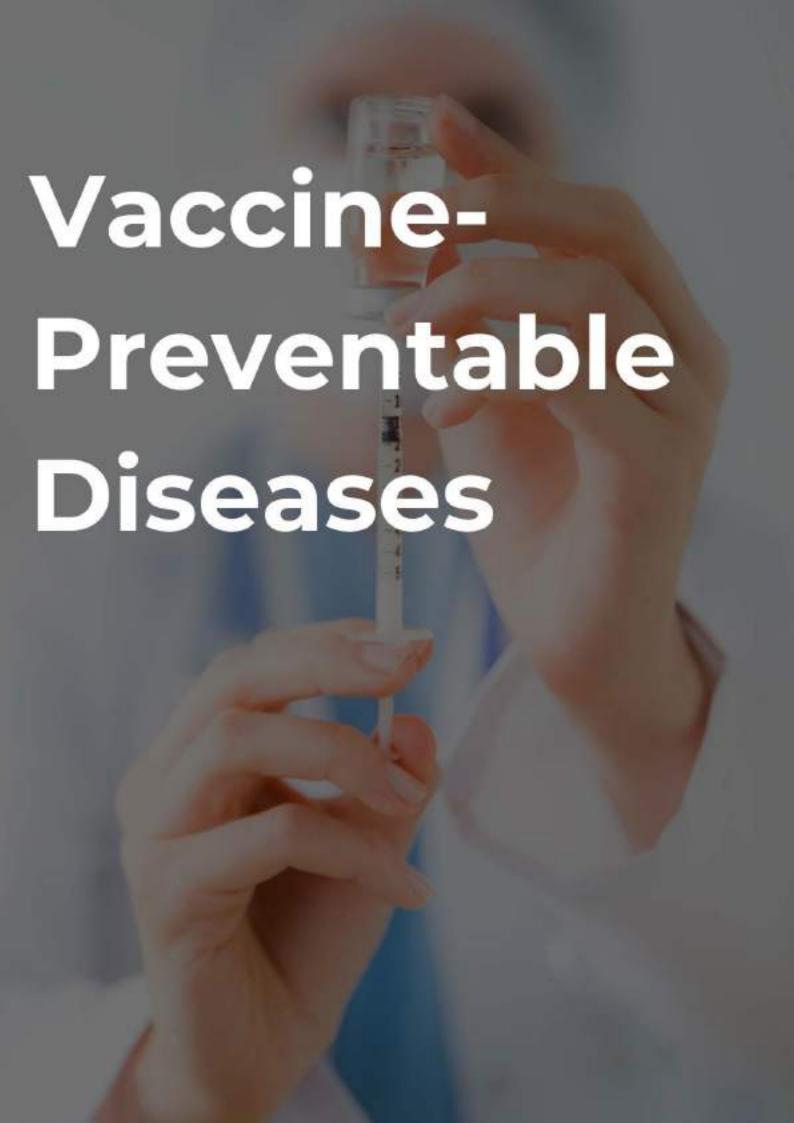


Malaria cases in the ASEAN region

Country	Epi-Week Reported	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Last Week	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Cambodia ¹	Week 33	78	3	0	0.00%
Indonesia ²	Week 31	384,744	-	68	0.02%
Lao PDR³	Week 33	6,746	1,131	1	0.02%
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-
Myanmar⁴	Week 31	89,495	6,530	5	0.01%
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-
Singapore ⁵	Week 32	23	4	0	0.00%
Thailand ⁶	Week 33	3,015	71	2	0.07%
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-
Total		484,101	7,739	76	0.02%

Source:

- 1. Cambodia National Malaria Center, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://mis.cnm.gov.kh/Dashboard)
- Malaria Cases in Indonesia, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://malaria.kemkes.go.id/case)
- 3. Centre of Information and Education for Health, Ministry of Health Lao PDR, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.facebook.com/CCEH.MoH.Lao/)
- 4. Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
- 5. Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.moh.gov.sg/others/resources-and-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics-2025-weekly-infectious-disease-statistics/
- 6. Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://dvis3.ddc.moph.go.th/t/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/DDS2/sheet33?%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y.)





MEASLES

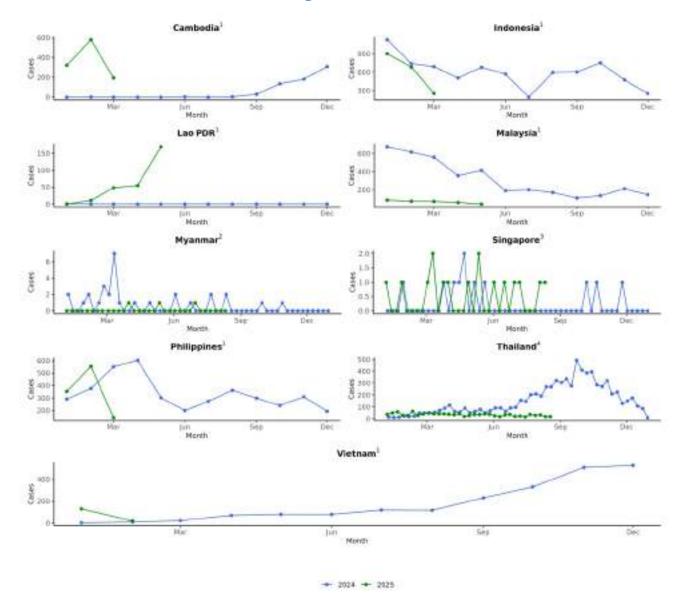
Measles Cases in the ASEAN Region

From December 29, 2024 to August 16, 2025 (Epi-Week 33, 2025)

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **20** new measles cases in Epiweek 33, 2025.
- Up to August 16, 2025, the region reported **5,906** total cases with **0%** CFR.
- Mostly measles cases in the ASEAN Region slightly decrease compared to the same period on the previous year.

Trend of Measles cases in the ASEAN region, 2024 - 2025



Source

- Provisional Measles and Rubella Data, World Health Organization, accessed August 19, 2025 (<a href="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location="https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data.who.int/global-rubella-data.who.int/global-rubella-data.who.int/global-rubella-data.
- 2. Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
- 3. Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed August 19, 2025 (https://www.moh.gov.sg/others/resources-and-statistics/infectious-diseases-statistics-2025-weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin)
- 4. Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed August 19, 2025 (http://doe.moph.go.th/surdata/index.php)

