



**ASEAN
BIOLOGICAL THREATS
SURVEILLANCE CENTRE**

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)

Infectious & Emerging Diseases
in the ASEAN Region

With Support by:



Korea Disease Control and
Prevention Agency



In partnership with
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Kemenkes



ASSOCIATION
OF SOUTHEAST
ASIAN NATIONS



This report aims to provide the current situation on infectious and emerging diseases in the ASEAN Region. We collate various information from multiple official sources and publicly available sources and is published every week on Wednesday. ABVC follows Epi-week calendar in its publication. For feedback and/or suggestions, please write to support@aseanbiosurveillance.org

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Executive Summary

Epidemiological Week 36 (September 6 - 12, 2026)

- Reported infectious-disease activity was concentrated in dengue and malaria. Rabies and measles cases continued to be reported, while COVID-19 and influenza indicators were generally stable or declining.
- **Dengue:** 10,997 new cases were reported. The 2026 cumulative total reached 468,700 cases and 967 deaths (CFR: 0.21%). Seasonal patterns varied among Member States, and some reported data may be delayed.
- **Malaria:** 10,440 new cases were reported, bringing the cumulative total to 563,020 cases and 246 deaths (CFR: 0.04%). Indonesia accounted for 10,378 new cases and 455,130 cumulative cases.
- **Rabies:** Three new cases were reported, all in the Philippines. The cumulative total was **402 cases and 401 deaths** (CFR: 99.75%). Post-exposure prophylaxis, animal-bite management, dog vaccination, and bite-prevention measures should be maintained.
- **Measles:** 78 new cases brought the cumulative total to 10,162 cases (CFR: 0.05%). Case investigation, vaccination-coverage assessment, and catch-up immunisation should continue in affected populations.
- **Meningococcal disease:** One new case was reported in Thailand. The 2026 cumulative total was 104 cases and 33 deaths (CFR: 31.73%). The current totals include substantial cumulative case and death counts reported from the Philippines.
- **COVID-19:** The report records 144,584 cases in 2026 with a CFR of 0.04% and notes lower reported activity than in 2025. Genomic surveillance showed heterogeneous circulation of Omicron lineages, with no single lineage predominating across the region.
- **Influenza:** Activity was generally low, with reduced influenza-like illness and severe acute respiratory infection indicators in several Member States. The surveillance dataset was one week pending, and the latest ARIMA estimate was for 5 September 2026.
- No new cases were reported for mpox, avian influenza A(H5N1), hantavirus, legionellosis, or poliomyelitis.

Emerging Diseases

A person wearing a full-body white protective suit, including a hood and a mask that covers the nose and mouth. They are also wearing black gloves. The person is holding a syringe in their right hand. The background is dark and out of focus, suggesting a laboratory or clinical setting.



MPOX

Mpox Cases Reported in the ASEAN Region

January 1, 2025 – September 12, 2026



Source:

1. Ministry of Health Cambodia
2. Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (<https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id>)
3. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)
4. Communicable Disease Agency, Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026, <https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/>

Key Findings

- The number of Mpox cases from January 1 to September 12, 2026, are **321 cases** with **three deaths**.
- There were **no new cases of Mpox** in Epi-week 36 of 2026.
- **67,266 confirmed cases** of mpox have been reported in **other regions** since 2025 (other than the **ASEAN** region):

Mpox cases in the ASEAN region in 2025 and 2026 (as of September 12, 2026)

ASEAN Member States	Cumulative Cases in 2025	Cumulative Deaths in 2025 (CFR)	Cumulative Cases in 2026	New Cases in Epi-week 36	Cumulative Deaths in 2026 (CFR)
Cambodia¹	0	0 (0.00%)	0	0	0 (0.00%)
Indonesia²	0	0 (0.00%)	110	0	0 (0.00%)
Lao PDR³	0	0 (0.00%)	0	0	0 (0.00%)
Malaysia³	14	0 (0.00%)	4	0	0 (0.00%)
Philippines³	286	6 (2.10%)	65	0	1 (1.54%)
Singapore⁴	23	0 (0.00%)	36	0	0 (0.00%)
Thailand³	157	3 (1.91%)	106	0	2 (1.89%)
Vietnam³	2	0 (0.00%)	0	0	0 (0.00%)
ASEAN Total	482	9 (1.87%)	321	0	3 (0.93%)

Source:

1. Ministry of Health Cambodia
2. Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (<https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id>)
3. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)
4. Communicable Disease Agency, Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026, <https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/>



Top 5 countries with the most mpox cases globally (Jan. 1, 2025 to Sep. 12, 2026)

Country	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Previous Report	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Democratic Republic of Congo	25,825	0	51	0.20%
Uganda	7,160	0	39	0.54%
Sierra Leone	5,442	0	60	1.10%
Madagascar	3,436	0	22	0.64%
United States of America	3,292	0	18	0.62%

Source: WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)

Mpox cases per region (Jan. 1, 2025 to Sep. 12, 2026)

REGIONS	CUMULATIVE CASES 2025-2026	NEW CASES SINCE THE PREVIOUS REPORT	CUMULATIVE DEATHS	CFR
AFRICA ¹	52.424	-	235	0,45%
AMERICAS ¹	7.044	-	10	0,14%
ASEAN ¹	803	-	11	1,49%
ASIA & OCEANIA ²	2.616	-	-	0,00%
EUROPE ¹	5.182	-	3	0,06%
TOTAL	68.069	-	259	0,38%

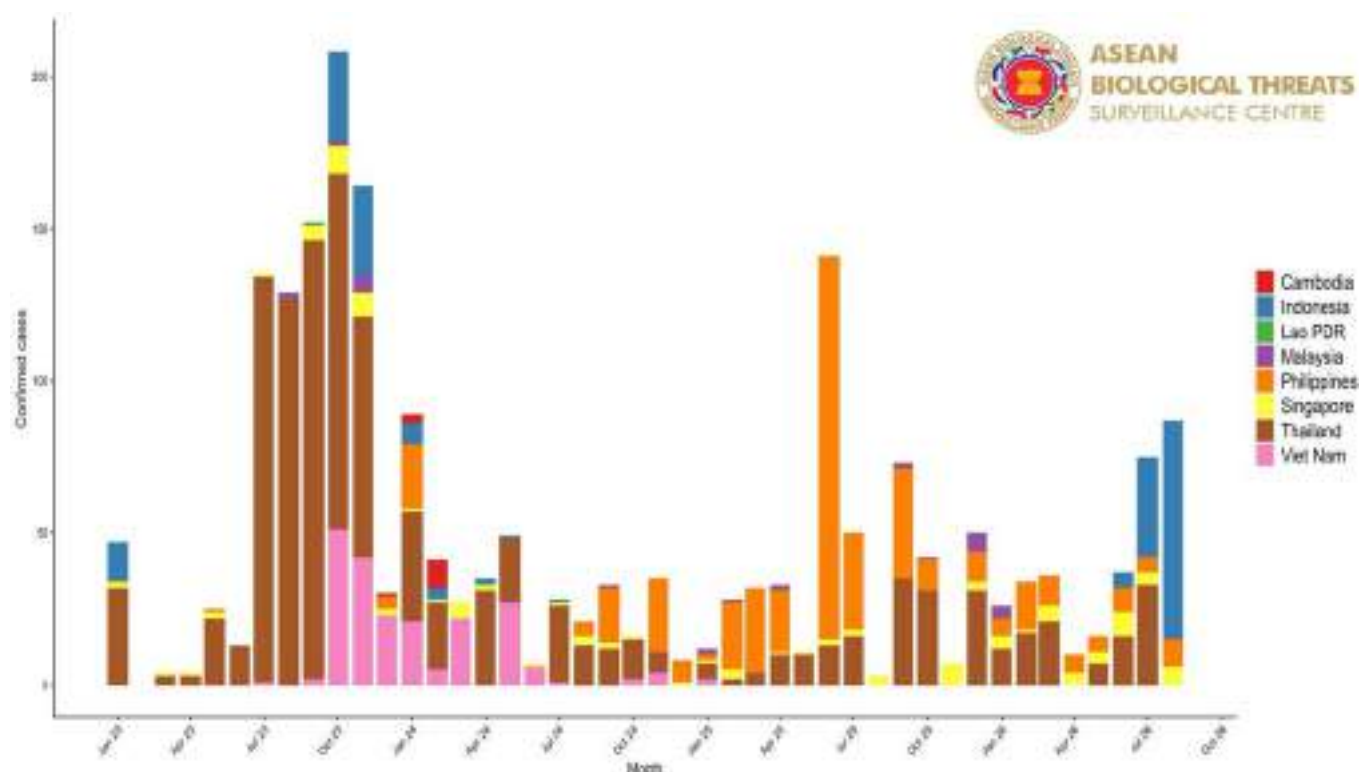
Source:

1. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)

2. Our World in Data, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://ourworldindata.org/mpox>)

Trend of Mpox Confirmed Cases in the ASEAN Region

January 1, 2022 to September 12, 2026



Source:

1. Ministry of Health Cambodia

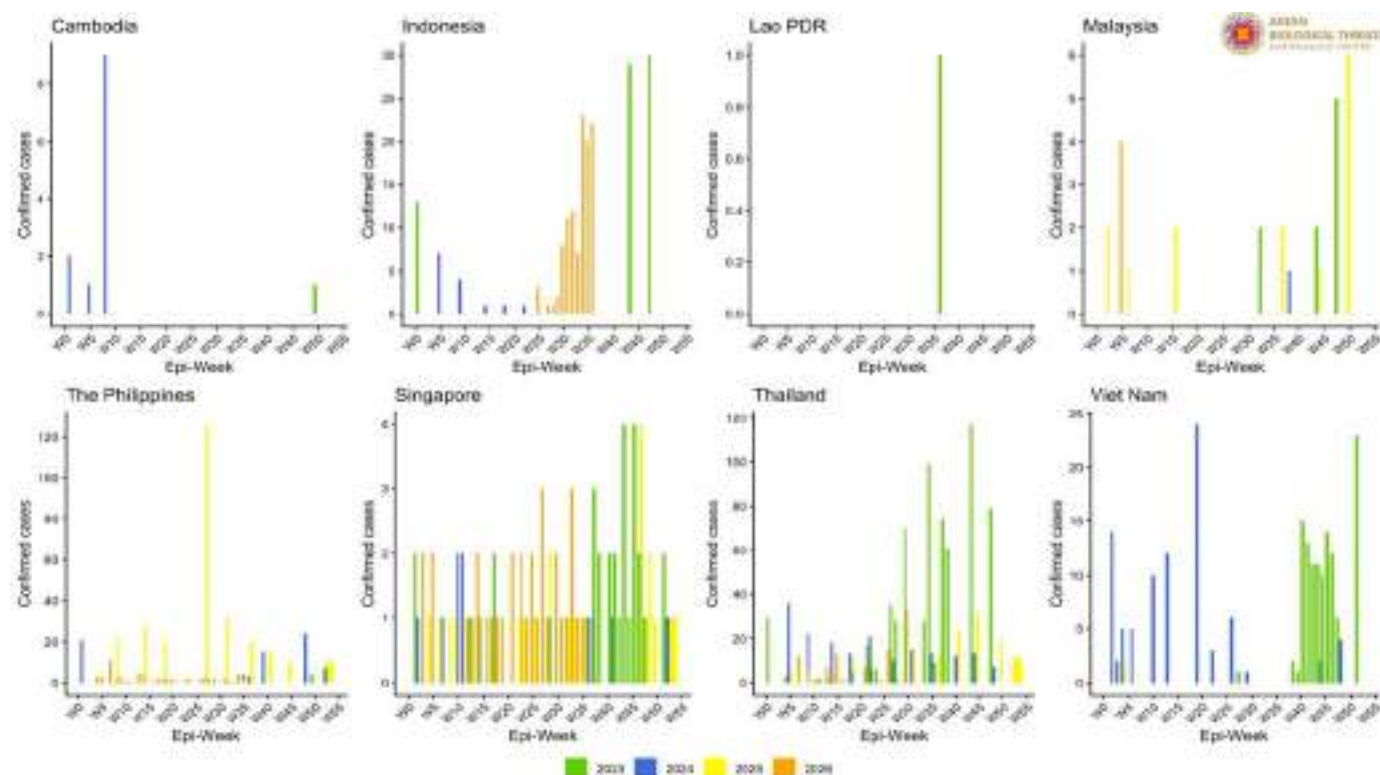
2. Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (<https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id>)

3. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)

4. Communicable Disease Agency, Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026, <https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/>

Trend of Mpox Confirmed Cases among ASEAN Member States

January 1, 2022 to September 12, 2026

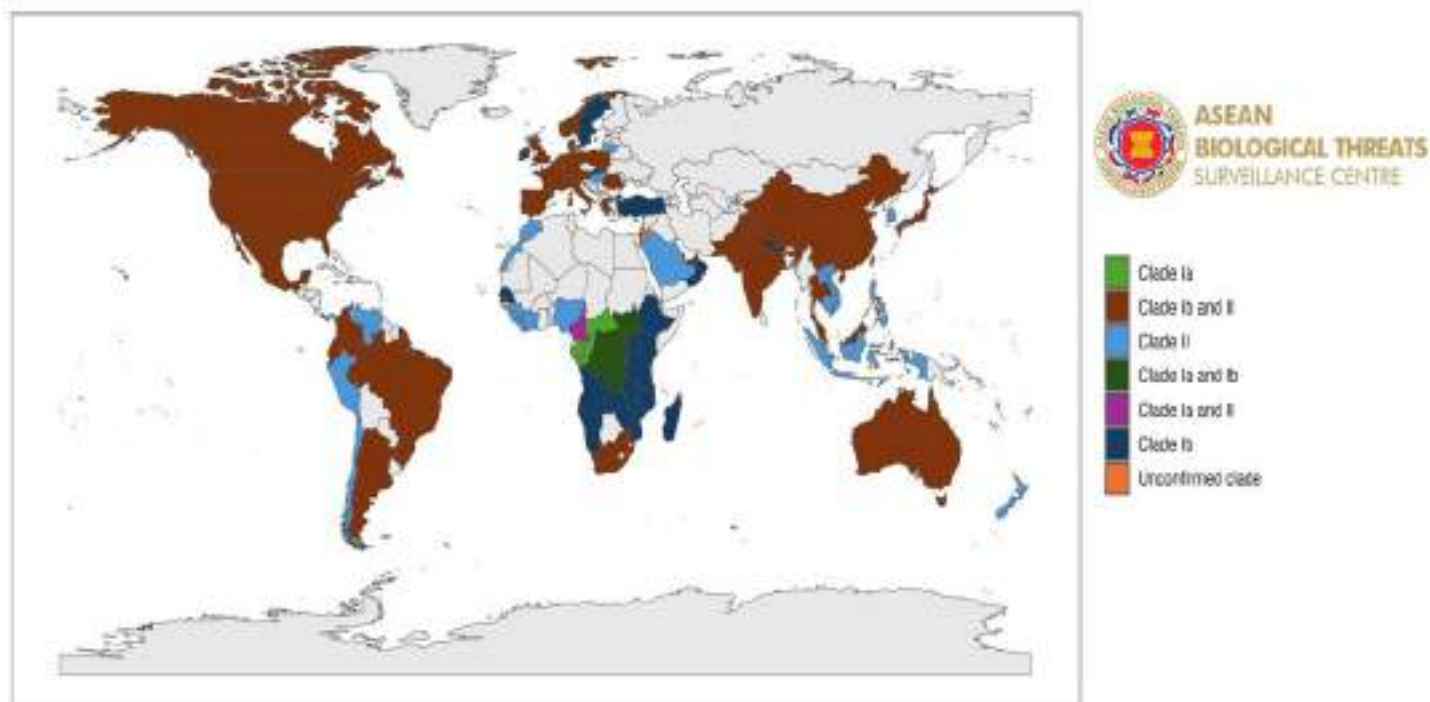


Source:

1. Ministry of Health Cambodia
2. Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (<https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id>)
3. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpox_global/)
4. Communicable Disease Agency, Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026, <https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/>

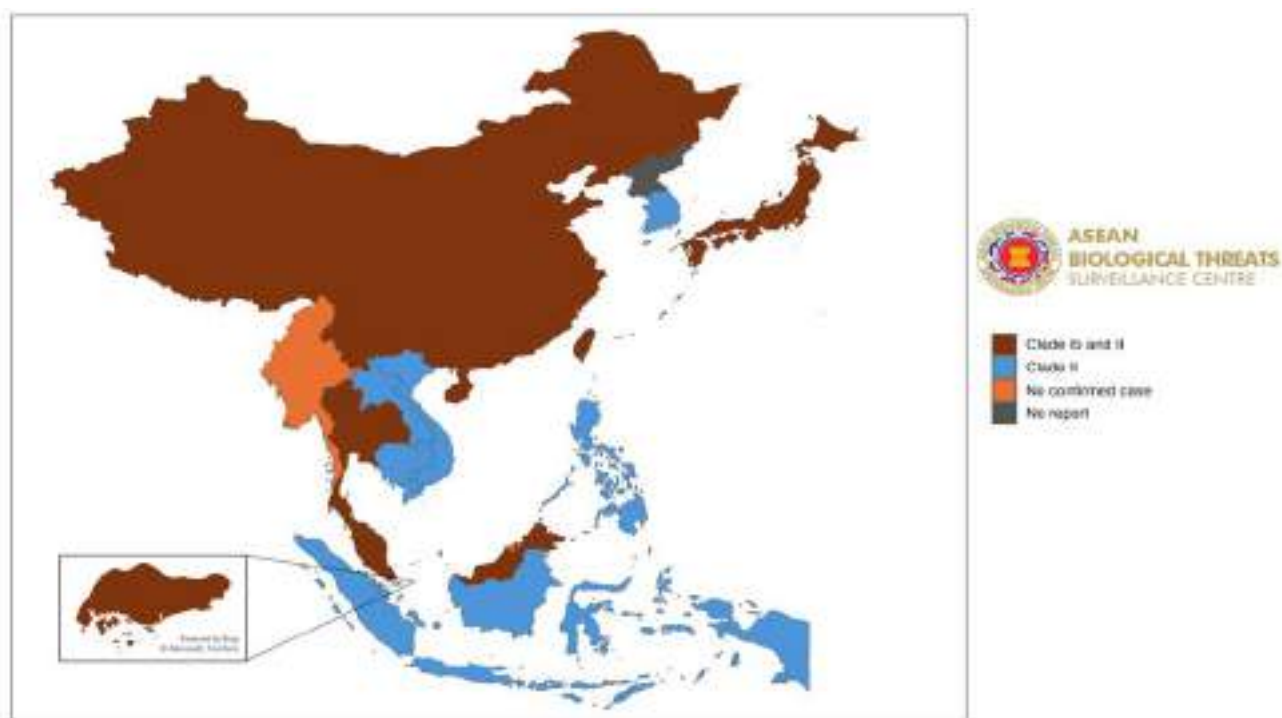
Distribution of Mpox Variants in The Global

As of September 12, 2026



Source: GISAID and WHO

Distribution of Mpox Variants in the ASEAN and Neighbouring Countries and Areas As of September 12, 2026



Source:

1. Ministry of Health Cambodia
2. Ministry of Health Republic of Indonesia (<https://infeksiemerging.kemkes.go.id>)
3. WHO Mpox Outbreak: Global Trends, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://worldhealthorg.shinyapps.io/mpx_global/)
4. Communicable Disease Agency, Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026, <https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/>



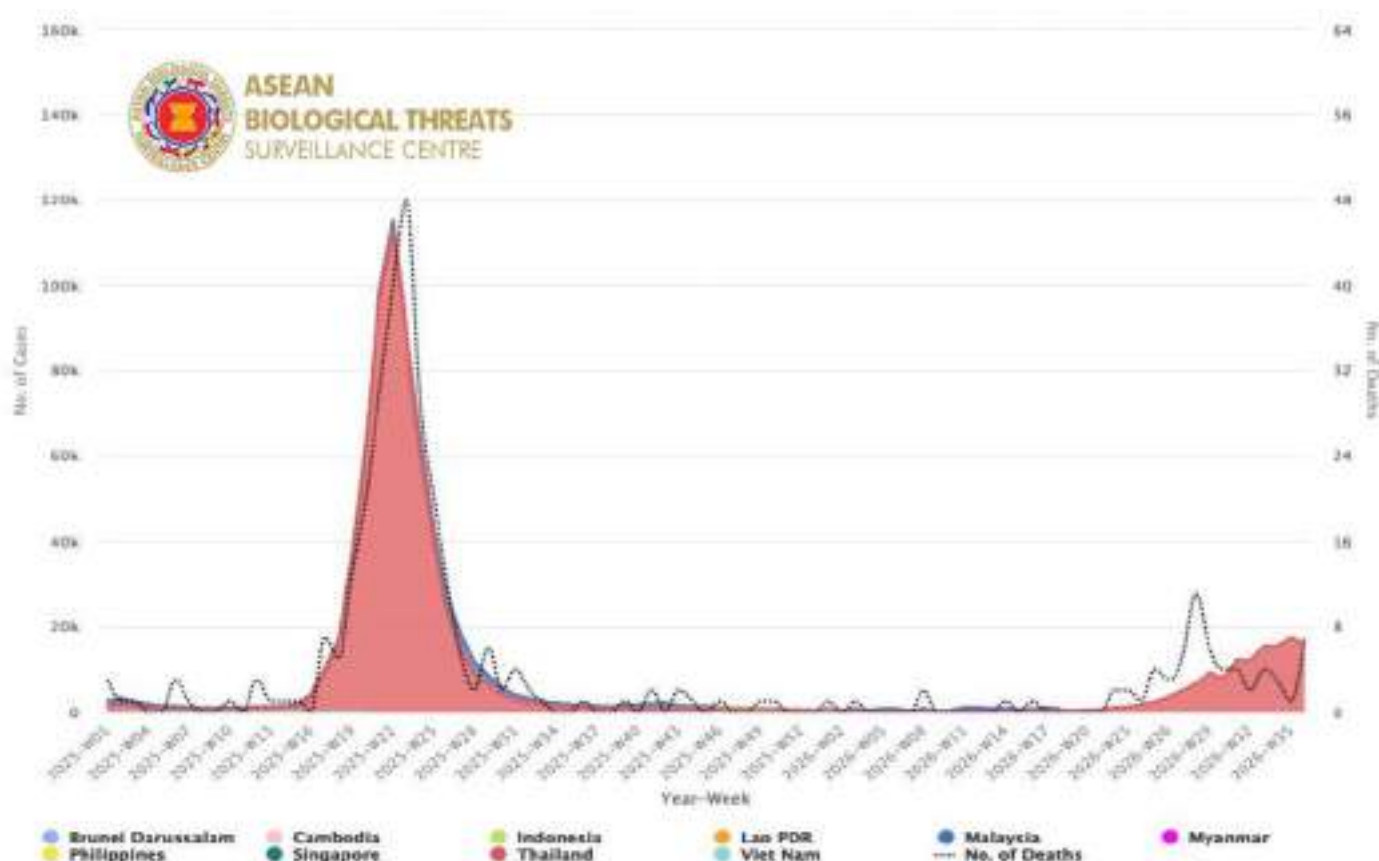
COVID-19

Key Findings

- Recently, the number of **confirmed COVID-19 cases reported to ASEAN are declining** compared to the previous year.
- The number of confirmed COVID-19 cases reported from January 1 to September 12, 2026 are **144,584 cases** with **0.04 % Case Fatality rate (CFR)**.
- In August 2026, GISAID genomic surveillance for the latest week shows a heterogeneous but stable **Omicron** lineage distribution across the reporting countries. **JN.1** remains the leading lineage in Indonesia (55.89%), while **LP.8.1** predominates in the Philippines (71.76%), **KP.3** in Lao PDR (55.97%), **XBB.1.16** in Myanmar (52.26%), and **BA.3.2** in Vietnam (33.33%). Brunei Darussalam remains predominantly **BA.*** (77.32%), whereas Cambodia and Malaysia show diversified lineage profiles, led by "Other" lineages (30.34%) and **BA.*** (22.87%), respectively. Singapore shows near-equal circulation of **XFG** (19.36%), **NB.1.8.1** (18.53%), and **JN.1** (18.18%), while Thailand shows co-dominance of **BA.*** (23.24%) and **JN.1** (22.40%), followed by **NB.1.8.1** (17.58%).

ASEAN Weekly COVID-19 Cases and Deaths

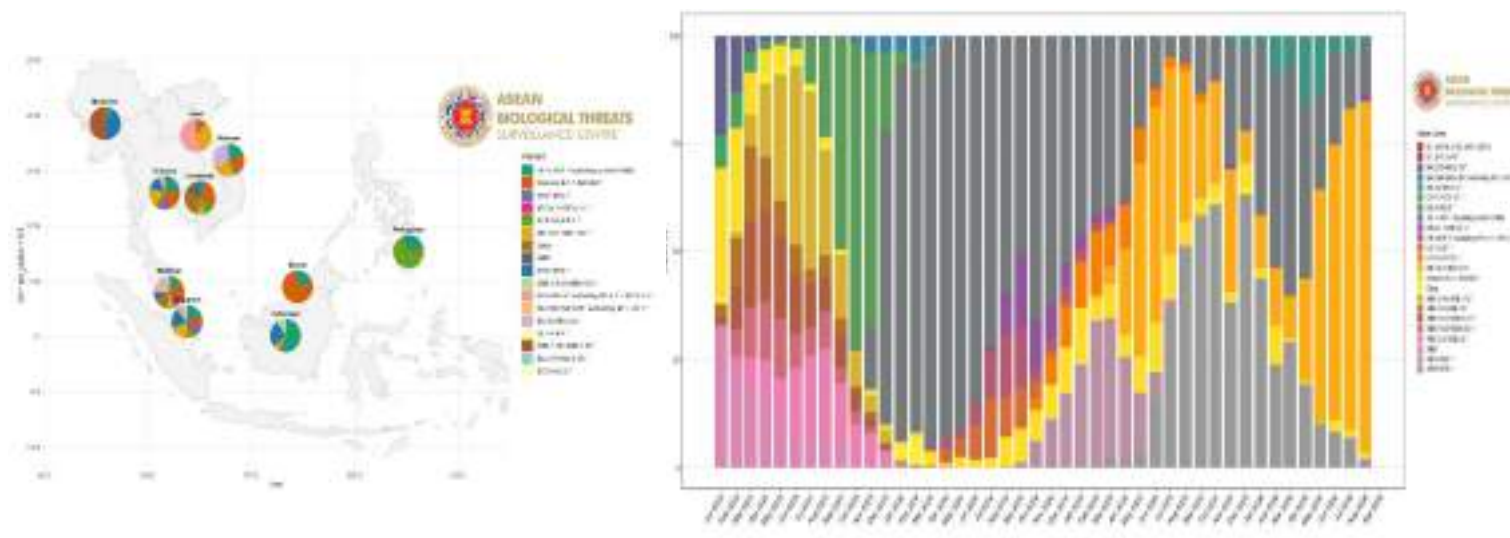
From January 1, 2025 to September 12, 2026



Sources: [Singapore Government](#), [MOH Indonesia](#), [MOH Cambodia](#), [DDC Thailand](#), [MOH Myanmar](#), [MOH Malaysia](#), and [WHO](#) accessed on September 15, 2026



COVID-19 Variants Frequencies Among the ASEAN Member States As of August 2026



Source: GISAI. "hCoV-19 Variants Dashboard," accessed September 15, 2026 , <https://gisaid.org/hcov-19-variants-dashboard/>.

COVID-19 Variants Frequencies in the ASEAN Region

From January 2023 to August 2026

Country	JN.1+JN.1.*	Omicron B.1.1.529+BA.*	XEC+XEC.*	KP.3.1.1+KP.3.1.1.*	LP.8.1+LP.8.1.*	NB.1.8.1+NB.1.8.1.*	Other
Brunei	19,70	77,32	2,98	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Cambodia	5,15	23,92	0,29	2,26	14,46	6,21	30,34
Indonesia	55,89	1,60	0,00	0,00	0,00	5,94	0,00
Laos	0,00	9,18	1,04	0,00	0,93	32,19	0,00
Malaysia	12,61	22,87	5,53	1,50	1,59	8,35	13,53
Myanmar	5,09	1,45	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,46	0,00
Philippines	20,74	2,71	0,00	0,00	71,76	0,00	0,00
Singapore	18,18	8,97	7,71	5,35	9,93	18,53	0,00
Thailand	22,40	23,24	9,17	2,08	4,90	17,58	0,00
Vietnam	20,02	18,61	4,66	0,00	0,00	23,39	0,00

Source: GISAI. "hCoV-19 Variants Dashboard," accessed September 15, 2026 , <https://gisaid.org/hcov-19-variants-dashboard/>.

From January 2023 to August 2026

Country	XBB *	XFG+XFG.*	XBB.1.9.2+XBB.1.9.2.*	KP.3+KP.3.*	BA.2.86+B.2.86.*	BA.3.2+B.3.2.*	LB.1+LB.1.*	XBB.1.16+XBB.1.16.*	BA.2.75+BA.2.75.*
Brunei	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Cambodia	13,53	3,84	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Indonesia	0,00	27,08	9,50	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Laos	0,00	0,71	0,00	55,97	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Malaysia	2,57	6,67	0,00	3,65	7,08	11,48	2,57	0,00	0,00
Myanmar	0,00	40,74	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	52,26	0,00
Philippines	0,00	4,79	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Singapore	0,00	19,36	0,00	3,89	0,00	5,53	1,60	0,00	0,32
Thailand	0,00	13,41	0,00	2,77	1,39	3,07	0,00	0,00	0,00
Vietnam	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	33,33	0,00	0,00	0,00

Source: GISAI. "hCoV-19 Variants Dashboard," accessed September 15, 2026 , <https://gisaid.org/hcov-19-variants-dashboard/>.



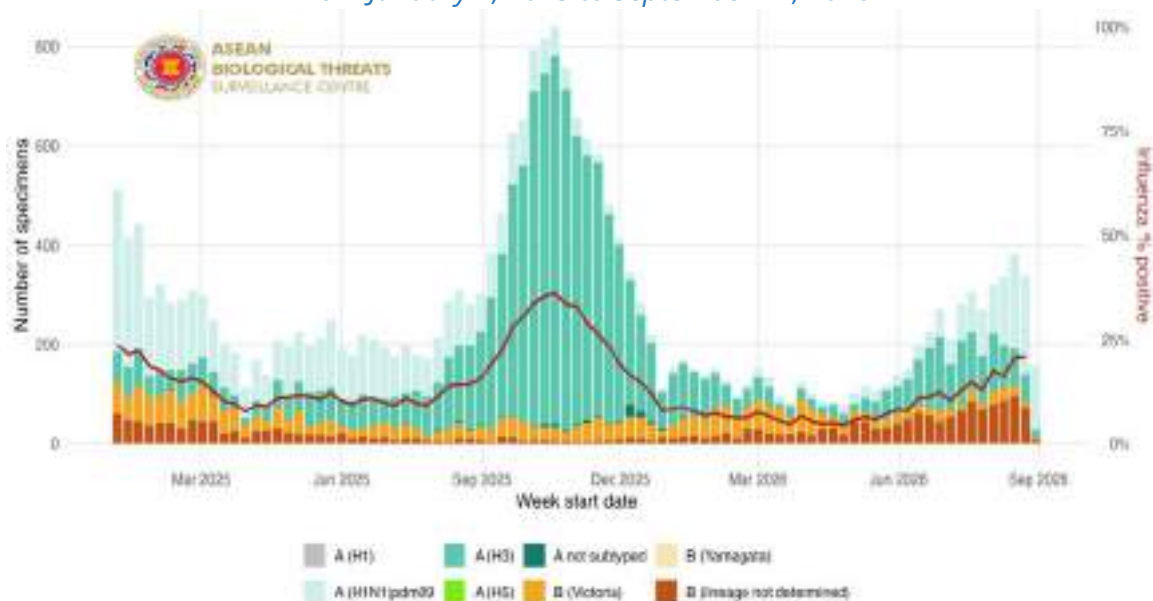
INFLUENZA

Key Findings

- Influenza activity was generally low across ASEAN Member States. The dataset is one week pending, so the latest Autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) estimate is for 19 September 2026. The forecast uses post COVID-19 available weekly data and is shown to support short-term surveillance interpretation. Recent trends show activity declined after late-2025 peaks in several countries, with only low-level positivity persisting in some areas.

Trends of Influenza Confirmed Cases in the ASEAN region

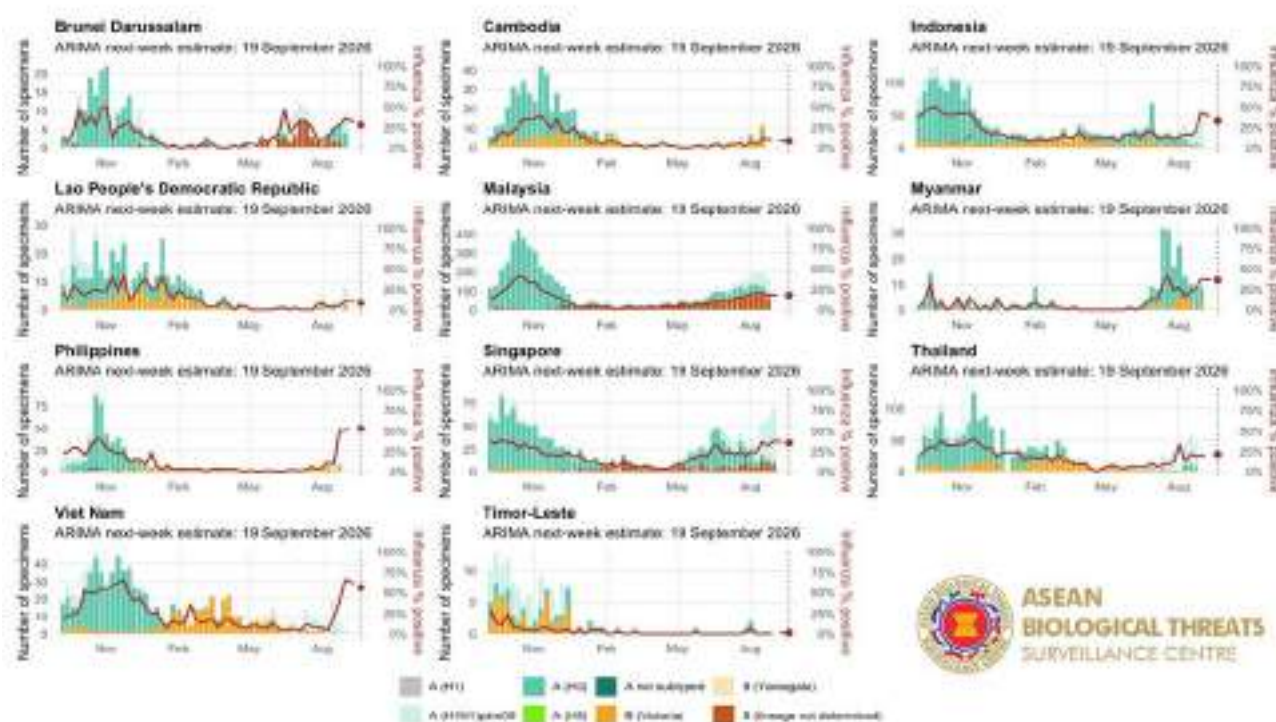
From January 1, 2025 to September 12, 2026



Source: WHO FluNet, accessed on September 15, 2026 (<https://www.who.int/tools/fluNet>)

Trend of Influenza Cases among ASEAN Member States using ARIMA Model

September 15, 2025 to September 12, 2026

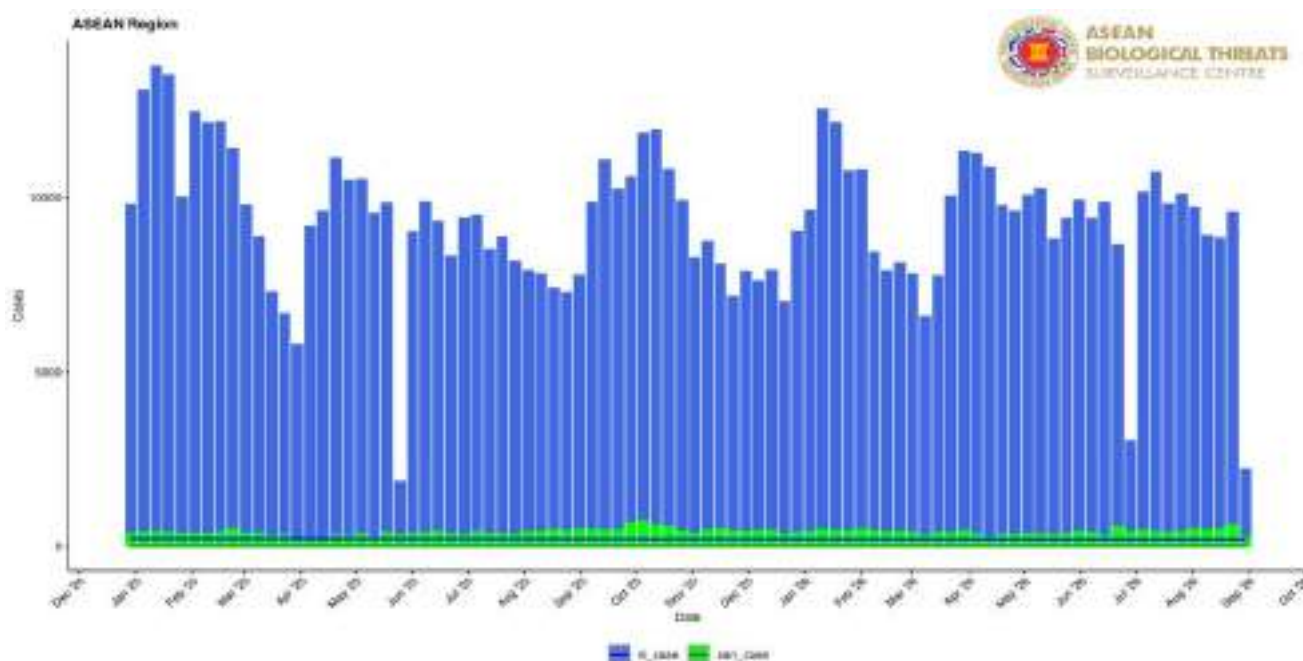


Source: WHO FluNet, accessed on September 15, 2026 (<https://www.who.int/tools/fluNet>)

- Most of Influenza-like illness (ILI) and severe acute respiratory infection (SARI) cases were decrease among some ASEAN Member States.

Trend of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) in the ASEAN Region

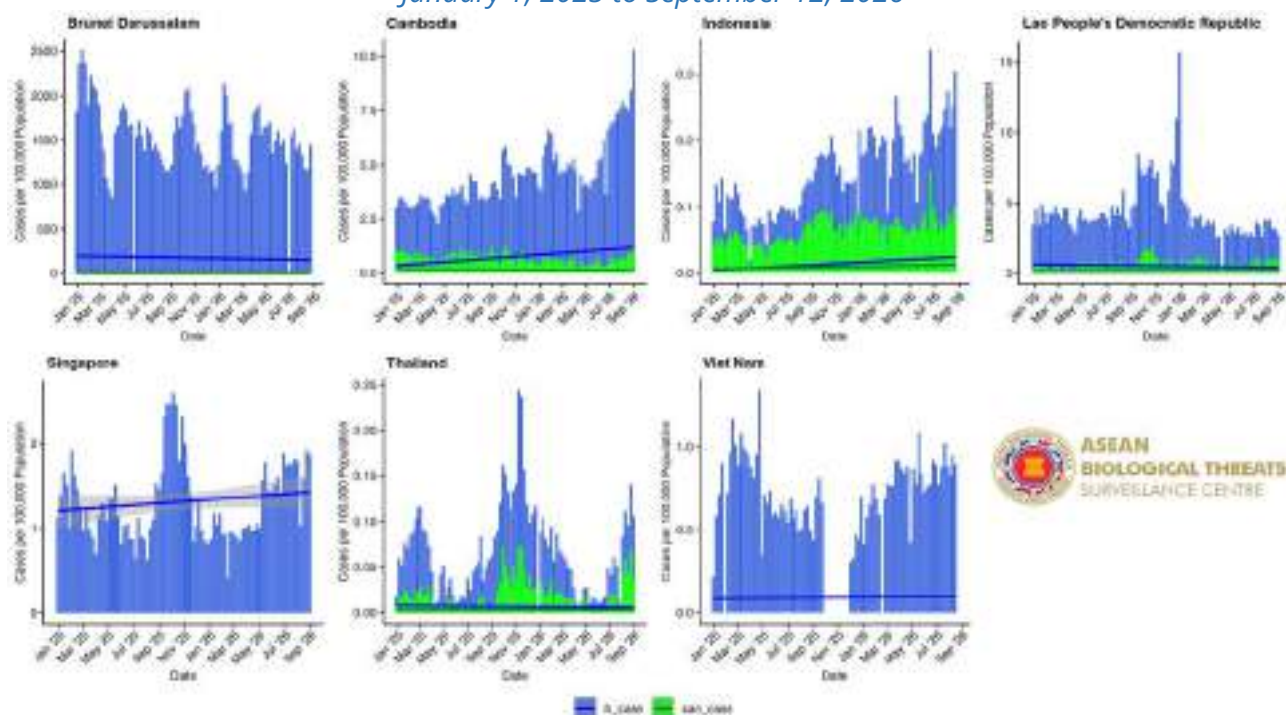
January 1, 2025 to September 12, 2026



Source: WHO FluID, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/surveillance-and-monitoring/influenza-surveillance-outputs>)

Trend of Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Severe Acute Respiratory Illness (SARI) among ASEAN Member States

January 1, 2025 to September 12, 2026



Source: WHO FluID, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://www.who.int/teams/global-influenza-programme/surveillance-and-monitoring/influenza-surveillance-outputs>)



AVIAN INFLUENZA (H5N1)

Key Findings

- In 2026, Avian Influenza (H5N1) is found in Cambodia. In Epi-week 36, there was no new case in the ASEAN region.

Distribution of Avian Influenza (H5N1) cases in the ASEAN Region

AMS	Avian Influenza (H5N1)					
	Cumulative Cases 2025	Cumulative Deaths 2025	Epi-week 36		Period 2026	
			New Cases	New Deaths	Cumulative Cases	Cumulative Deaths
Cambodia	18	9	0	0	5	1
Viet Nam	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	19	9	0	0	5	1

Source: [WHO](#), [Ministry of Health of Cambodia](#).

HANTAVIRUS

Key Findings

- In 2026, hantavirus is found in Indonesia. In Epi-week 36, 2026, there was no new case of Hantavirus reported.

Distribution of Hantavirus Cases in the ASEAN Region

AMS	Hantavirus					
	Cumulative Cases 2025	Cumulative Deaths 2025	Epi-week 36		Period 2026	
			New Cases	New Deaths	Cumulative Cases	Cumulative Deaths
Indonesia	18	0	0	0	7	0
Total	18	0	0	0	7	0

Source: [MoH Indonesia](#)

LEGIONELLOSIS

Key Findings

- In 2026, the legionellosis is found in Indonesia, Singapore and Thailand. In Epi-week 36, there was no new case and new death of Legionellosis reported in the region.

Distribution of Legionellosis Cases in the ASEAN Region

AMS	Legionellosis					
	Cumulative Cases 2025	Cumulative Deaths 2025	Epi-week 36		Period 2026	
			New Cases	New Deaths	Cumulative Cases	Cumulative Deaths
Indonesia	49	2	0	0	1	0
Singapore	62	0	0	0	35	0
Thailand	24	1	0	0	20	2
Total	135	3	0	0	56	2

Source: [MoH Indonesia](#), [MoH Singapore](#), [MoPH Thailand](#)



MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE

Key Findings

- In 2026, meningococcal disease is found in Indonesia, The Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam. In Epi-week 36, 2026, there was one case and death of Meningococcal Disease reported among AMS.

Distribution of Meningococcal Disease Cases in the ASEAN Region

AMS	Meningococcal Disease					
	Cumulative Cases 2025	Cumulative Deaths 2025	Epi-week 36		Period 2026	
			New Cases	New Deaths	Cumulative Cases	Cumulative Deaths
Indonesia	0	0	0	0	1	1
Singapore	7	0	0	0	4	0
The Philippines	0	0	0	0	79	29
Thailand	39	5	1	1	23	4
Viet Nam	95	0	0	0	1	0
Total	141	5	1	1	108	34

Source: [WHO](#), [MoH Indonesia](#), [DoH Philippines](#), [MoH Singapore](#), [MoPH Thailand](#)

POLIOMYELITIS

Key Findings

- In 2026, Poliomyelitis is found in Lao PDR. in Epi-week 36, there was no new case of Poliomyelitis reported.

Distribution of Poliomyelitis Cases in the ASEAN Region

AMS	Poliomyelitis					
	Cumulative Cases 2025	Cumulative Deaths 2025	Epi-week 36		Period 2026	
			New Cases	New Deaths	Cumulative Cases	Cumulative Deaths
Lao PDR	1	0	0	0	3	0
Singapore	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	0	0	0	3	0

Source: [WHO](#)

Zoonosis

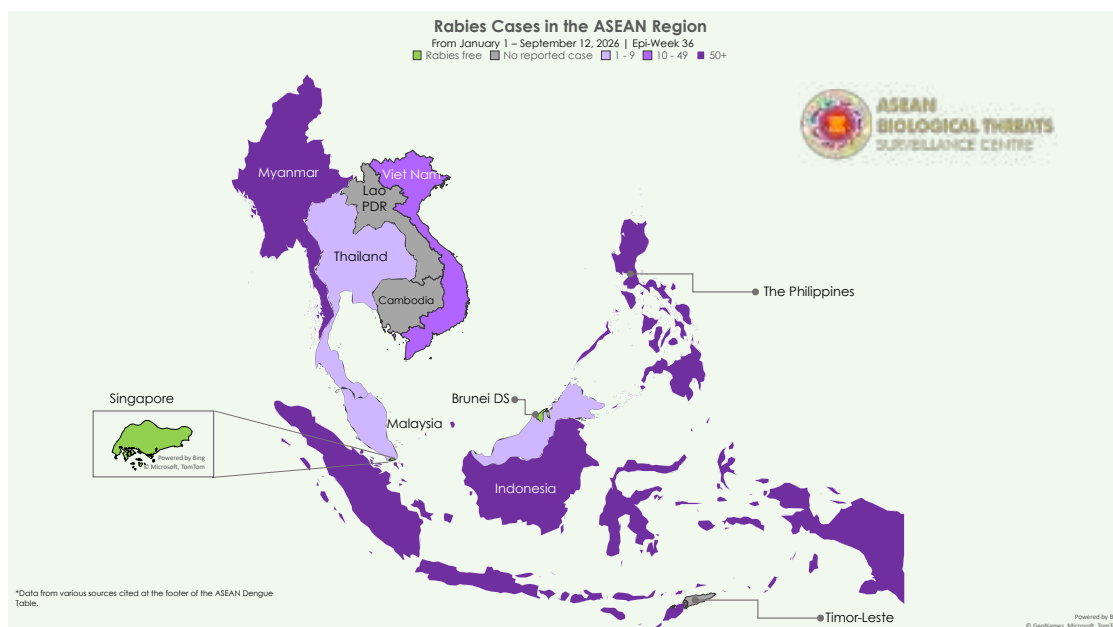




RABIES

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **three** new rabies cases in Epi-week 36, 2026.
- The total number of rabies cases from January 1 to September 12, 2026 are **402** cases with **99.75%** CFR.



Rabies cases in the ASEAN region

Country	Data as of	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Previous Report	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Brunei Darussalam			Rabies-free country		
Cambodia	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesia¹	September 12	68	-	68	100%
Lao PDR	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia²	June 27	5	-	5	100%
Myanmar³	September 12	82	-	82	100%
Philippines⁴	September 12	201	3	201	100%
Singapore			Rabies-free country		
Thailand⁵	September 12	7	0	6	85.71%
Timor-Leste	-	-	-	-	-
Viet Nam²	August 1	39	-	39	100%
Total		402	3	401	99.75%

Source:

- Ministry of Health, Republic of Indonesia
- Bluedot Platform, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://portal.bluedot.global/>)
- Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
- Department of Health, Philippines. "Epidemiology Bureau Weekly Surveillance Report", accessed September 15, 2026. (<https://doh.gov.ph/health-statistics/>)
- Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed September 15, 2026 , (https://dvis3.ddc.moph.go.th/t/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/_Weekly/sheet13?%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y&%3Aorigin=card_share_link)

Vector-Borne Diseases





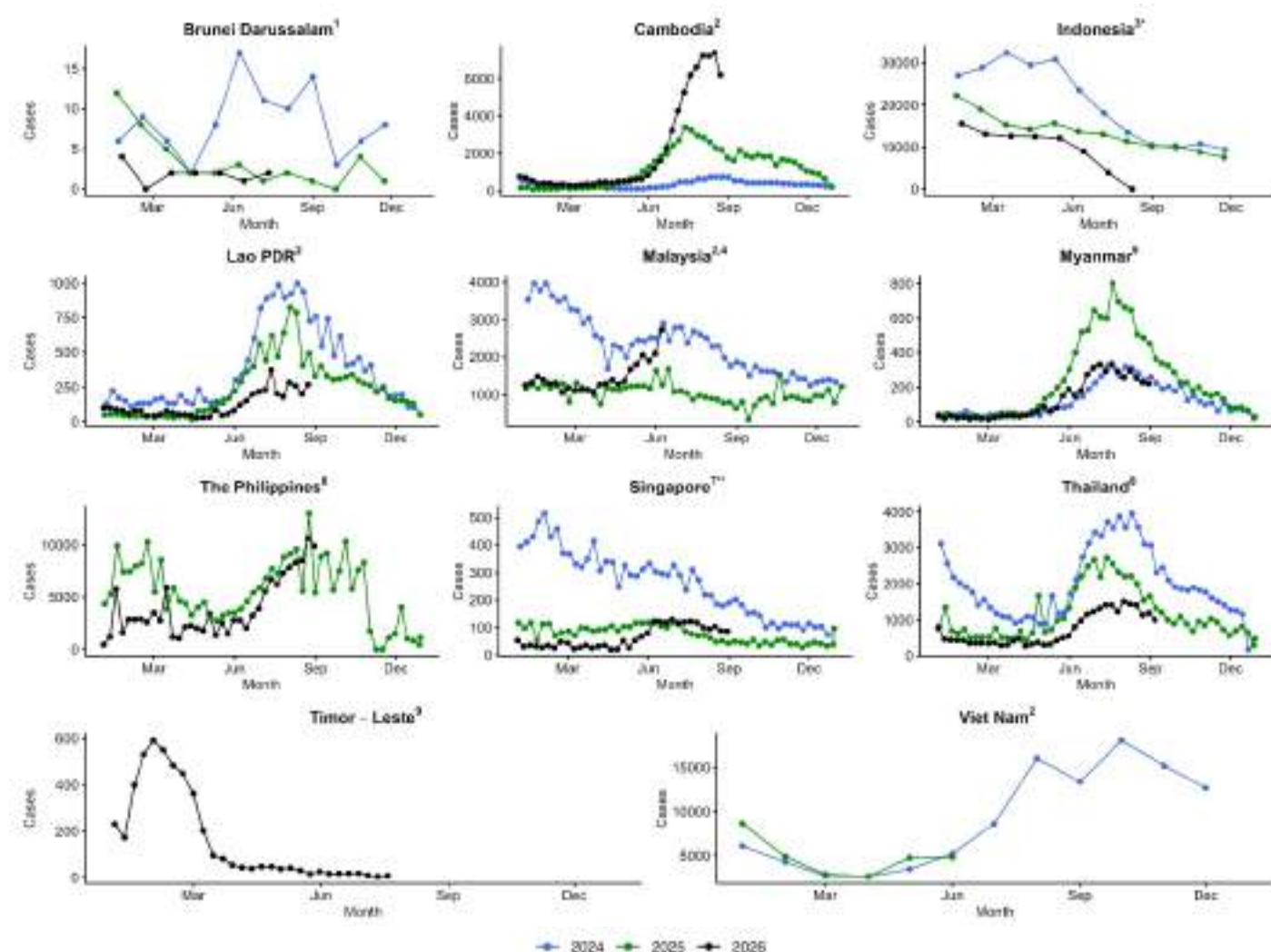
DENGUE

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **10,997** new dengue cases in Epi-week 36, 2026.
- The total number of dengue cases from January 1 to September 12, 2026 are **468,700** cases and **967** deaths with **0.21% CFR**.

Trend of Dengue cases in the ASEAN region, 2024 – 2026

Below are trend of dengue cases among ASEAN Member States since January 1, 2024 up to September 12, 2026.



Source:

- Ministry of Health, Brunei Darussalam
- WHO WPRO, "Dengue," World Health Organization, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://www.who.int/westernpacific/emergencies/surveillance/dengue>).
- Ministry of Health, Republic of Indonesia
- Portal Rasmi iDengue untuk Komuniti, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://idengue.mysa.gov.my/>)
- Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
- Department of Health, Philippines. "Epidemiology Bureau Weekly Surveillance Report", accessed September 15, 2026. (<https://doh.gov.ph/health-statistics/>)
- Ministry of Health. "Weekly Infectious Disease Bulletin", accessed September 15, 2026. (<https://www.moh.gov.sg/resources-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics/2025/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin>)
- Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed September 15, 2026, (https://dis3.ddc.moph.go.th/v/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/_Weekly/sheet137%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y&%3Aorigin=card_share_link)
- Ministry of Health, Timor-Leste

- Data were updated and collected from official sources, which may have a 2-8 weeks delay in reporting. Data must be interpreted cautiously.

*Notified dengue cases only includes severe cases Dengue Hemorrhagic fever (DHF) and Dengue Shock Syndrome (DSS)

**Notified dengue cases only includes Dengue Fever (DF) and DHF



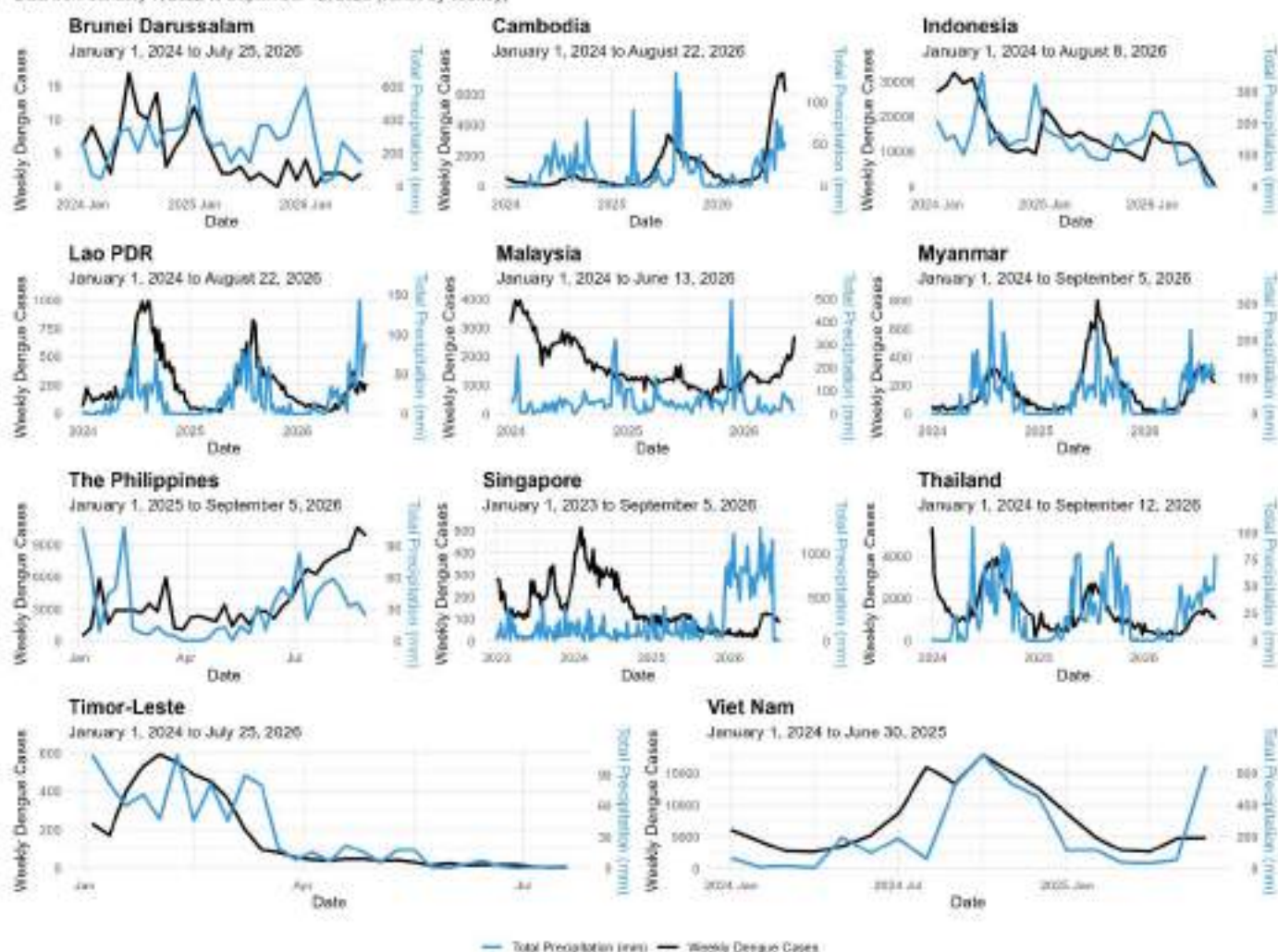
Comparison between Precipitation (Rainfall) and Dengue Cases in the ASEAN region

This summary describes the dengue fever and precipitation patterns shown in the country visualization. It focuses on observed dengue fever cases and rainfall intensity (precipitation) based on data from January 1, 2022 to September 12, 2026.

Overall, the analysis suggests that dengue activity across the countries shown is highly seasonal, with several countries experiencing case increases during or shortly after periods of elevated rainfall. This pattern is most apparent in Lao PDR, Myanmar, Thailand, Timor-Leste, and Viet Nam, where dengue peaks broadly coincide with rainy periods or follow rainfall increases. In Cambodia, a major dengue increase occurred in mid-2025, with weekly cases rising sharply to more than 3,000 following periods of increased precipitation. In Viet Nam, dengue cases rose markedly in mid-2024 alongside increasing precipitation, peaking during the wetter months before declining into 2025. Timor-Leste, with data available for early 2026, showed dengue cases peaking after relatively high rainfall early in the year, followed by a decline as precipitation decreased.

Other countries showed weaker or less consistent visual alignment. Indonesia had very high dengue activity in early 2024, followed by a gradual decline despite continued rainfall variability. Malaysia also showed a declining dengue trend over time, with rainfall spikes not consistently followed by comparable increases in cases. Singapore experienced a large dengue peak in early 2024, while later periods of high precipitation did not produce a similarly large increase. Brunei Darussalam had relatively low case counts overall, with no clear consistent relationship between rainfall and dengue activity.

Dengue Cases and Precipitation Trends among ASEAN Member States
Data from January 1, 2022 to September 12, 2026 (varies by country)



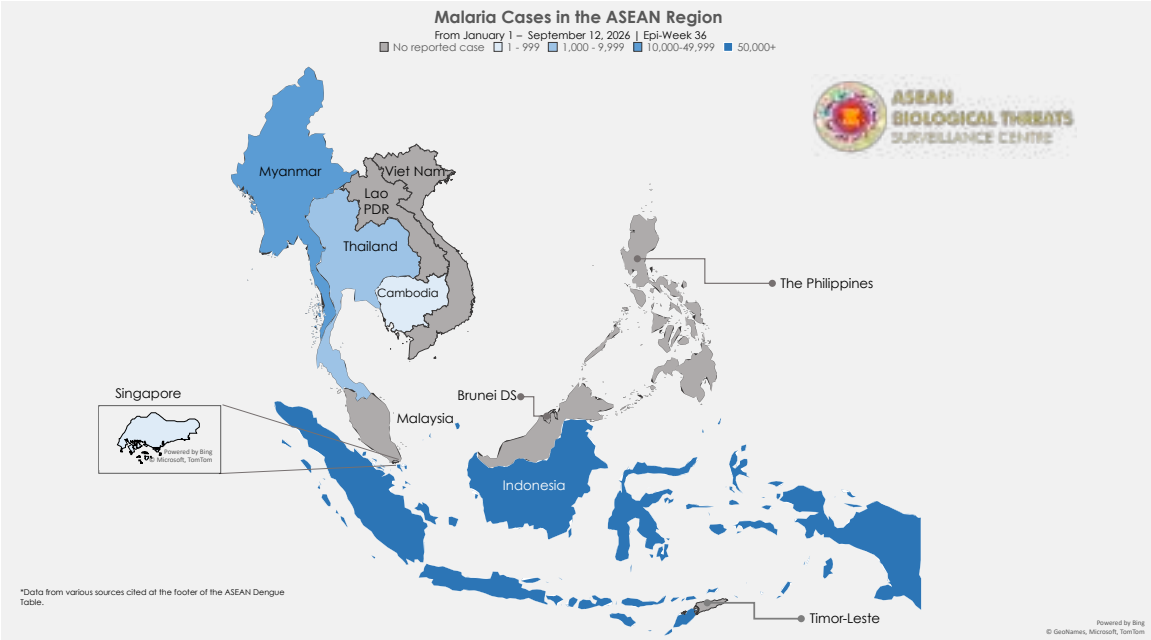
Weather Data Source: NASA POWER



MALARIA

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **10,440** new malaria cases in Epi-week 36, 2026.
- The total number of malaria cases from January 1 to September 12, 2026 are **563,020** cases and **246** deaths with **0.04%** CFR.

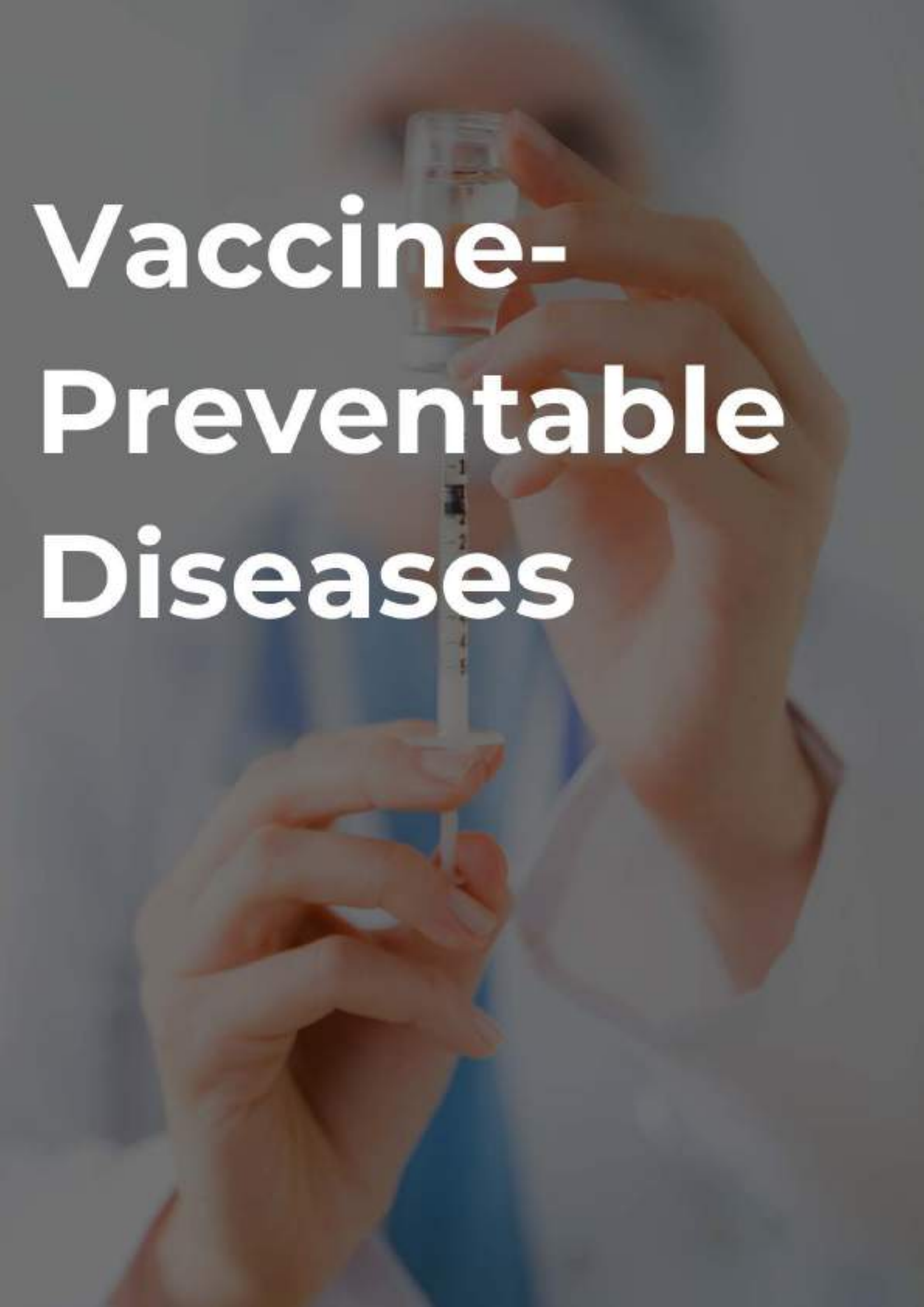


Malaria cases in the ASEAN region

Country	Data as of	Cumulative Cases	New Cases Since Last Week	Cumulative Deaths	CFR
Brunei Darussalam	-	-	-	-	-
Cambodia ¹	September 12	17	0	0	0.00%
Indonesia ²	September 12	455,130	10,378	233	0.05%
Lao PDR	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-	-
Myanmar ³	September 12	103,862	-	10	0.01%
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-
Singapore ⁴	August 22	25	0	0	0.00%
Thailand ⁵	September 12	3,986	62	3	0.08%
Timor-Leste	-	-	-	-	-
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-
Total		563,020	10,440	246	0.04%

Source:

1. Cambodia National Malaria Center, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://mis.cnm.gov.kh/Dashboard>)
2. Malaria Cases in Indonesia, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://malaria.kemkes.go.id/case>)
3. Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar
4. Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://www.moh.gov.sg/others/resources-and-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics-2025-weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin>)
5. Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://dvis3.ddc.moph.go.th/t/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/Weekly/sheet137%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y&%3Aorigin=card_share_link)

A close-up photograph of a person wearing a white lab coat, using a syringe to draw liquid from a small glass vial. The person's hands are visible, and the background is blurred. The image has a semi-transparent dark overlay.

Vaccine- Preventable Diseases



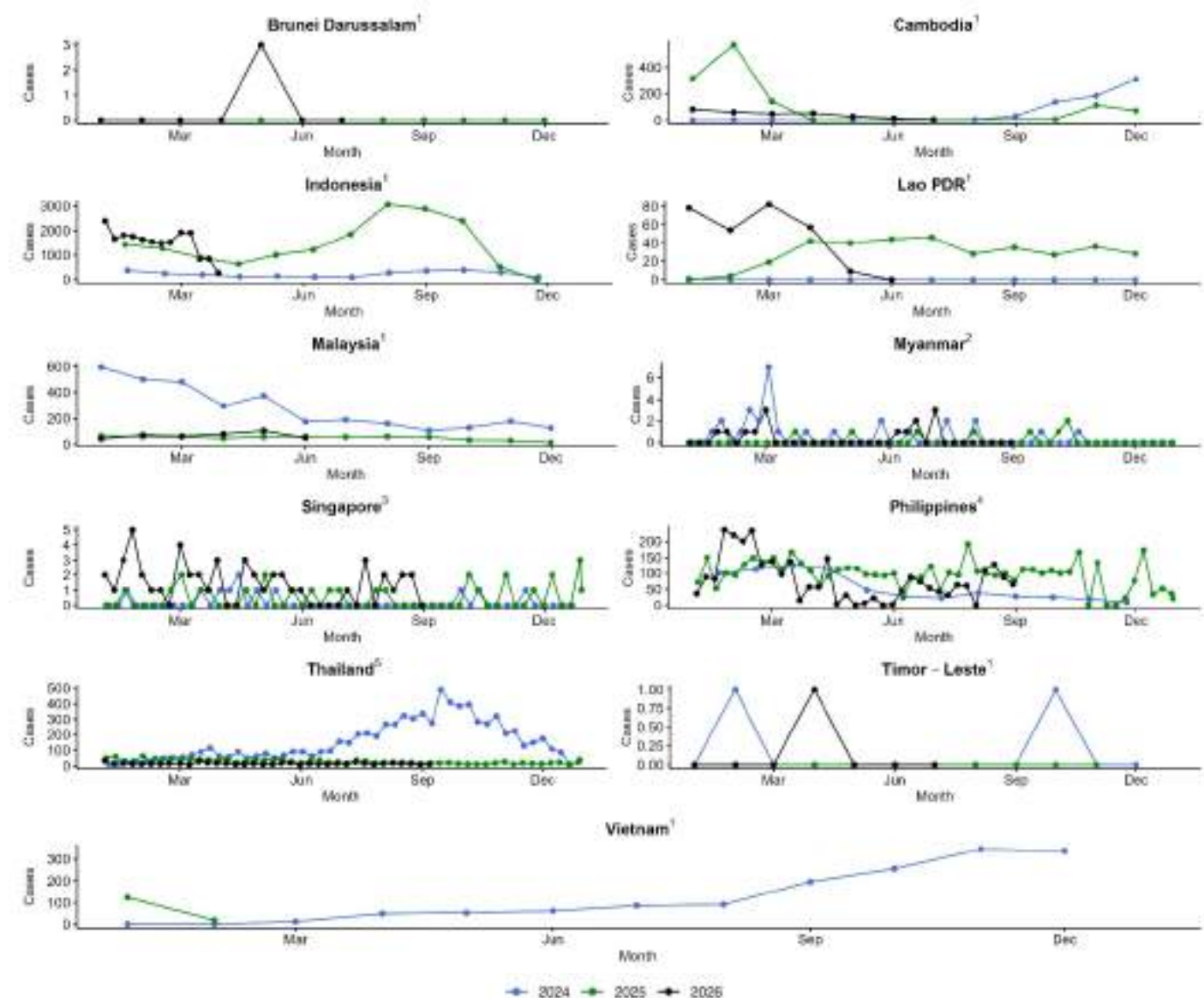
MEASLES

Key Findings

- The **ASEAN** region reported **78** new measles cases in Epi-week 36, 2026.
- The total number of measles cases from January 1 to September 12, 2026 are **10,162** cases with **0.05%** CFR.

Trend of Measles cases in the ASEAN region, 2024 – 2026

Below are trend of measles cases among ASEAN Member States since January 1, 2024 up to September 12, 2026.



Source:

- Provisional Measles and Rubella Data, World Health Organization, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location=>)
- Department of Public Health, Ministry of Health, Myanmar (<https://immunizationdata.who.int/global?topic=Provisional-measles-and-rubella-data&location=>)
- Ministry of Health Singapore, accessed September 15, 2026 (<https://www.moh.gov.sg/others/resources-and-statistics/infectious-disease-statistics-2025-weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin>)
- Department of Health, Philippines. "Epidemiology Bureau Weekly Surveillance Report", accessed September 15, 2026. (<https://doh.gov.ph/health-statistics/>)
- Bureau of Epidemiology, Department of Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health Thailand, accessed September 15, 2026 (https://dvis3.ddc.moph.go.th/t/DDC_CENTER_DOE/views/_Weekly/sheet137%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y&%3Aorigin=card_share_link)



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